Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VII PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1867. NO. 37.

Francisco.

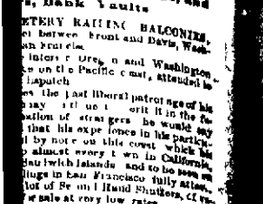
! FIRE!!

R. SIMS,

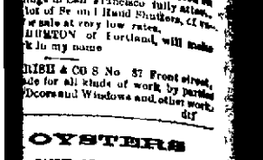
f Fire-Proof Doors, and
s, Bank Vaults

ETERY RAILING BALCONIES,
et between Front and Davis, Wash-
an Francisco.

inters Oregon and Washington
on the Pacific Coast
es and Powder Flasks,
'S POCKET CUTLERY in great va
the appointed agents for HENRY
RIPTIL and COLT'S and SMITH
LS, all of which we offer at the Low
ers executed with dispatch
ng to all the branches at moderate
jan23d6p3m



ES! SCALES!
FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SIZES AND CAPACITIES.
PLATFORM SCALES,
DRUGGISTS' and GROCERS' SCALES
for Miners and Bankers;
to 40,000 pounds capacity for weighing
ON, for sale at the Manufactories.
No. 210 California Street,
San Francisco.
FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON,
General Agents.
jan23d6p3m



NE CLICQUOT
MPAGNE
Above Coat of Arms has been adopted
liable to imitation.
J. REDERING,
San Francisco.

O. DART,
AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
ront Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
nces made on Consignments of Mer-
REFER TO
Ladd & Tilton; Henry Failing, Esq.,
Wm. C. Ralston, Esq., Cashier Bank
ry Cowlan, Jr.
A. R. and C. E. Tilton, 96 and 97
Clark, Brevoort House.
m3d6m

. SPAULDING,
& Repairing
URMENT,
reet, between Front
istory,
ANCISCO.

ING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH IN
ULAR SAWS.
all its branches, such as Gunmaking,
ishing, &c.
WS of all sizes; also, Cross cut,
, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds
and assortment of Saw Arbors at low-
m3d6m

PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING
on hand, or made to order on short notice.
MEAPE, BURRELL & CO.,
Saints, Portland, Oregon, are my only
for Oregon, Washington and Idaho;
rough them by telegraph or otherwise
orders as if sent to me direct
N. W. SPAULDING.

Call for Taxes.

EREBY GIVEN THAT THE TAX
be closed on the 15th of March, 1867.
rest will please call at the Tax Collec-
ce, by so doing avoid further costs.
JACOB BETTIS,
Sheriff and Tax Collector
For Multnomah county, Oregon.
25, 1867 fe26d1f

RDWARE,
from England.
EST MANUFACTURERS OF THE
ce. For sale by
H. W. CORBETT.

solution Notice.

ERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING
undersigned on the 4th inst. under the name o
is dissolved by mutual consent, Hen-
ng sold out all of his interest in said
ase Rosenfeld, to whom all debts due
be paid and who will pay all debts
ISAAC ROSENFELD,
HENRY ROSENFELD.
mh21w

Notice
RS AND AMATEURS OF
OD SCARS!
LOUISE LEBRUN, OF PARIS
form the public of Portland that sh
the best of HAVANA SEGARS.
CORNER OF OAK AND FIRST STS

ns in French.
PARROT, an accomplished Teach
rench Language would be pleased to
to whom she will give daily lessons.
lessons, No. 44 Stark street. ja22f

spaper Ink.
NEWS INK IN 50 LB KEGS.
sale by
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington street, Portland.

30 Tons
POOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE,
L. PITTOCK,
Corner Fire and Morrison Streets
and No 9, Front Street.

Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies 5 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the United States: In advance, one year $10 per annum; six months $5 for three months. THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the choicest articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the country at $3 per annum, $2 for six months or $1 for three months, in advance. Subscriptions will be discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

Office—Washington street, one door from Front.

PACIFIC COAST AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 529 Washington street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Between Fourth street,
Between Band C dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMŒOPATHIST,
OFFERING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT
TREATMENT can consult him at his
street, fronting the Public Square.
Practice in Oregon enables him to treat suc-
cessfully peculiar to the Climate
Jan. 16, 1866. dtf

R. A. J. HOFFMANN,
Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Dalles, Oregon.
d1p1f

KELLOGG,
TIST,
Street, Dalles City.
IN THE ROOMS FORMERLY OCCUPIED
Dentist.
fifteen years' experience as a Dentist
Charges Reasonable

H. MARTIN,
St., corner of Taylor,
ENNABLES BOOT-MAKER
promptly attended to d2p1f

H. BRACKETT,
NTER & BUILDER.
Front street, between Main and Salmon
mh1d1f

Y MARTIN & CO.,
PRODUCE,
and Domestic Fruits,
OF ALL KINDS,
PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Notions, &c.,
and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and
CORAL SHELLS, always on hand.
Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY,
TREES and FRUITS.
Front and Washington Sts.,
Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon
promptly filled nov24d1f

H. BENNETT & CO.,
Dealers in
FLOUR, FEED & PRODUCE,
LEASED THE LARGE FIRE-PROOF
brick building,
FRONT STREET,
MERCHANDISE and PRODUCE
on
and Commission,
to the purchase and sale of all kinds of
Produce.
January 19, 1867. jan21d1f

LEON VIAL,
IMPORTER OF
and Liquors,
AND MARTELL COGNAC IN CASE,
and Retail,
FIRST STREET. ja31

oms! Brooms!
MANUFACTURED BY
OLTER BROTHERS
REMOVED THEIR BROOM FACTORY TO
street, adjoining, opposite O. N. Co.'s Wharf,
are now making the BEST QUALITY OF
offered in this market.
assured that they can furnish merchants and
in Oregon with better and cheaper Brooms
ported from California or elsewhere.
Orders promptly and satisfy your
ers. E. G. BOLTER,
G. T. BOLTER
Portland, Oct. 1, 1866. d3m

BER YARD!
TTON & CO.
FACTORY ON ALDER STREET,
Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Red-
wood Lumber.
NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL
of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned
promptly on hand. feb21d6f

Hibbard & Co.,
MISSION MERCHANTS
For the Sale of
PRODUCE and GROCERIES
Taylor St., between Front and First,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
d3pawtf

NATIONAL COLLEGE
OF
TS AND COMMERCE,
PORTLAND, OREGON
POPULAR, PRACTICAL INSTITUTION OF
best and most successful System of Prac-
and Thorough Business Discipline to
and Middle-Aged Men for an Active, Sue-
SHIPS for the full Collegiate Course
Those wishing to become members
study week day in the year
GAZETTE setting forth the Course
of Instruction, will be sent free to all
will apply in person or by letter to
M. K. LUDENSLAGER Pres't
Portland Oregon

C. M. CHAPMAN'S
Celebrated
ENEWER AND INVIGORATOR
action is guaranteed to turn the Hair
Gray to its NATURAL COLOR with a few ap-
Leaves the scalp clean and natural ren-
SOFT, SMOOTH and GLOSSY. It eradicates
and does not crack or rub off. Persons
their Hair, can have a good heavy
AIN RESTORER
Mrs C. M. Chapman's
Office of First and Morrison Sts.
Entrance 71 Front Street Portland

Union Market
Washington and Second Streets
SOLOMON & CO., Proprietors.
ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND
MEATS OF ALL
and other articles in their
LINE AND RETAIL.
Patronage is solicited, as we expect to
and of as good quality as the
will deliver the same to purchasers
Constantly on hand.
Portland, Oct. 1, 1866. dtf

and Shoes,
FOR STOCK.
H. W. CORBETT.

Banking.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital $1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000!

HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADEN HALL STREET LONDON

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.

AGENCIES.

NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and F. GUNDRY (Agents for Bank of Montreal)

IN CANADA:

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Brantford,	Guelph,	Simcoe,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St Catherines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1 000

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS Discounted and Collected; and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain San Francisco and New York purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland

GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager

Portland February 1, 1866 ja10 49tf

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

Wells, Fargo & Co's

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT TO IDAHO!

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 1ST, 1866, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City .. 28 cents per pound
" " " Idaho City 28 " " "
" " " Ruby City.... 40 " " "

Portland Dec 1, 1866
jy21d1f WELLS, FARGO & CO

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!
CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 3 o'clock for Idaho City and all intermediate points
HAILEY & CO Proprietors,
Jan1d1p1f and JOS PINKHAM Agent

Frankenthal & Haas,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Umatilla, Oregon.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the Public that they will have completed by March 1st, 1867, a large (40 by 80)

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING,

For the storage of freight

Goods will be received forwarded and stored at owners' risk; freights advanced, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business, strictly attended to
jan5d1f FRANKENTHAL & HAAS

NOTICE.
FORWARDING
TO
Montana and Idaho!
FREE OF CHARGE!
BY
M. AINSA, JR., Merchant,
UMATILLA OREGON
Mark Goods care of M. A. Umatilla se8d1f

JOHN R. FOSTER,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
UMATILLA OREGON

GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON IDAHO AND OWYHEE and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to
Consignments of Goods solicited

References:
Jacob Undechill & Co Allen & Lewis, Portland, Oregon
Geo C Johnson & Co San Francisco.
Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla. aug3d1f

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
WALLULA, W. T.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
Mark Goods care of F. & F. Wallula

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of
Groceries and Liquors.
feb21 dtf

Printing Paper
FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand:

22x46	24x36.
28x42.	24x34.
30x38	22x28.

Also, 200 lbs NEWS INK, in 50 lb kegs
HENRY L. PITTOCK
No 5 Washington Street, Portland.

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWING Machine within One Thousand Miles of San Francisco that is not giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, it will be attended to promptly, without express charge or expense. H. SAMUEL, Gen'l. Agent, 111 Montgomery street, San Francisco. sshlday1p3m

$50,000!
Deposited as Additional Security to Phœnix Patrons in the State of Oregon.

CHARTER PERPETUAL!

PHŒNIX
INSURANCE COMPANY

CASH CAPITAL	$666,000 00
CASH ASSETS	$1,063,779 13
ANNUAL CASH INCOME,	
OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS!	

THE PHŒNIX!
Possessing Cash Assets of Over One Million Dollars, nearly
$200,000!
Of which IS INVESTED IN OREGON and California for the protection of its Policy Holders and having the Largest Actual Net Cash Surplus over Capital re-Insurance and Liabilities of any of the Hartford Companies, devoted to Fire Insurance exclusively offers to Oregon patrons unquestionable security under its Policies

THE PHŒNIX!
Is represented on this Coast through fully Commissioned Agents at each prominent place authorized to bind the Company by the immediate issue of Policies

THE PHŒNIX!
Is the only Hartford Company, devoted to Fire Insurance, now doing business in Oregon.

THE PHŒNIX!
Has been represented on the Pacific Coast for nearly ten years during which period Two Hundred and Seventy Eight Losses have been Paid, amounting in the aggregate to nearly Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars payments being made on an average of six days after firms occured

LOSSES PAID IN U. S. GOLD COIN
AT POINTS WHERE THEY OCCUR

RISKS TAKEN ON ALL CLASSES OF DESIRABLE PROPERTY at rates consistent with solvency and fair profit, without any reference to the high charges of Monopolies, or ruinously low charges of Inferior Companies, that are disposed to gamble away their assets in a suicidal war of rates with Respectable and Solvent Companies of Inexhaustible Resources.

BRANCH OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO
R. H. MAGILL, Manager

Policies issued and renewed in this Sterling and Popular Company on all classes of desirable property without the delay incident to the Sub-Agency system, and at rates as low as solvency and fair profit will admit of
S. J. McCORMICK,
feb5d1p3m RESIDENT PHŒNIX AGENT

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms

CALEB T. FAY, President
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No 73 Front Street Portland
Portland, January 16, 1866 dtf

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
W. Corner of Bush and Sansome Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO
TUBBS & PATTEN, Proprietors

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL WHICH IN CONstruction and all its appointments is second to no other establishment in the United States having since the last flood passed under the care of the undersigned will be carried on by them as a strictly First class House in every particular. No pains or expense will be spared to render it attractive to the travelling community its situation being central—near business and amusements—it offers great inducements to all who may be visiting the city and those who favor us with their patronage may feel assured of receiving all the care and attention it is in our power to bestow
TUBBS & PATTEN
San Francisco, Dec 15, 1866 jan6d1p3m

CIRCULAR SAWS,
AND MANDRELS FOR CIRCULAR SAWS;
For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

FROM MONTANA

From the Montana *Post* of February 9th we glean the following

The Hendry mill in Grizzly Gulch has been rushing the ugh the quartz during the past week with a result which is far above all anything that it has yet done. There was cleaned up from this mill on last Wednesday from six days run in Union ore the nice sum of $5 100 the best looking return we have as yet seen in the Territory. The mill runs 15 stamps and crushed some 150 tons of rock.

A discovery was made on last Wednesday by E. R. Collins in the little dry ravine that runs past the head of Bridge street where the bridge is located. Good prospects are said to have been obtained—from six to fifteen cents we understand is the sum posed by some to be the only channel of the creek that at one time ran in Dry Gulch!

There are any amount of Democratic candidates for Delegate to Congress. Among the most prominent we may mention Hon. James M. Cavanaugh, Hon. A. E. Mayhew Hon. Mark M. Ross and Hon. James McCarthy, either of whom will no doubt be disinterested enough to accept the suffrages of the dear people and pocket the pay and emoluments appertaining to the office.

We learn from Dr. Click, one of the attendant physicians on the wounded in the late affray in Oro Fino gulch, that two of the wounded men are getting along very well. Prof. Hodge is at present in no immediate danger and will it is thought finally recover. His son, Russell Hodge is doing as well as under the circumstances could be expected. It is certainly the wish of every one in our community that all may recover, and that neither of the parties engaged in the sad and unfortunate affair should lose their lives. Funeral services were held on last Saturday afternoon in the United States Court Room, over the body of Samuel Moore, who died from the effect of the wounds he received in the late affray in Oro Fino gulch.

Lone Rock Valley

We often hear a diversity of opinion expressed in relation to the resources of Wasco county. It is contended by some that, independent of her mineral wealth and capabilities for stock growing the whole extent of country embraced within her boundary lines is almost worthless. Whether these opinions are based upon ignorance or upon a desire to misrepresent the facts in the case we know not—but this we do know, that in addition to her rich and extensive mines and her capacity for stock raising—which are unrivalled by any other county in the State—there are large tracts of valuable agricultural lands lying along the tributaries of the Des Chutes and John Day rivers—wild and uncultivated which are destined soon to be settled upon for agricultural purposes, and which will add lasting wealth to our county. And in support of this proposition, we have but to call attention to the developments which are almost daily being made. A few weeks ago, a party of some ten or twelve of our most reliable farmers went out for the purpose of exploring that portion of Wasco county lying on the East of John Day river with a view of locating land claims for agricultural pursuits. They proceeded to the upper settlements on Rock creek, and from there, they traveled almost due South until they arrived at Thirty mile creek, a distance of about twenty miles. Here they found a small valley, about four or five miles in length and from a half to a mile in width. The land composing this valley being the finest quality of black, rich soil. It was their intention to proceed to the head waters of this creek, but, upon arriving there, they changed their course and proceeded in a North east direction, and after going about ten or twelve miles, they reached the right hand fork of Rock creek here they were introduced to one of the largest and most fertile valleys yet discovered in Wasco county. This valley is about fifteen miles in length and from one to three miles in width, with a capacity sufficient to furnish fifty or sixty valuable agricultural farms. The quality of the soil in this valley is that of the richest alluvial deposits—being entirely free from alkali which, in some localities in our county, is a source of very great annoyance to some of our farmers. Near the middle of this valley stands a lone rock about seventy five feet in hight, on account of which the valley has been appropriately named "Lone Rock Valley." In this valley and vicinity there is plenty of game, consisting of deer, elk, and mountain sheep. We are further informed that while some of the party were on the top of the mountain overlooking this valley they saw another valley off to the South of them, on the head waters of Thirty-mile creek as large if not larger than Lone Rock valley and presenting an appearance similar to it. To the settlement of these valleys we invite the attention of all those who are in search of rich agricultural farms, where they can provide themselves with peaceful homes supplied with almost all kinds of fruit, and surrounded with herds of the finest kinds of stock.—*Mountaineer*.

GENERAL L. C. BAKER BEFORE THE HOUSE Judiciary Committee.—SECRETARY STANTON.—A Washington dispatch of February 7th says: Among the persons who have been before the Judiciary Committee in connection with the impeachment inquiry is General L. C. Baker, formerly Chief Detective of the War Department. He says that he was twice summoned by mail and refused to come and that the Sergeant at Arms of the House then sent a man for him. He states that he was twice before the Committee and that he testified to having once been the possessor of a letter purporting to have been written by Andrew Johnson during the early part of the war to Jefferson Davis offering to join the rebels on certain terms. Doubting the authenticity of this document, he took it to the President's Private Secretary, who declared that the signature was unquestionably genuine. He further states that he testified that the letter aforesaid is not now in his possession, but he presumes it can be recalled.

Some further facts have recently come to light respecting Secretary Stanton's connection with the case of four South Carolinians, found guilty by a Military Commission of the murder of three Maine soldiers in October 1865. It appears that the sentence of two of them was commuted by Gen. Sickles, that Stanton in view of the opinion held by the Supreme Court relative to the legality of military trials since the close of hostilities recommended the commutation of the death sentence of the other two. He says he believes the murderers were properly tried before a military tribunal and justly convicted but it did not seem to him proper to recommend their execution in view of the opinion he knew was held by the Supreme Court. He recommended the confinement of the prisoners at the Tortugas but afterwards changed to Fort Delaware. He consulted no one but Gen. Townsend as to the propriety of confinement and recommended Fort Delaware because he thought it on the whole the best of the military prisons for that purpose. He never for a moment anticipated that the civil Courts would interfere with them there. When a writ of *habeas corpus* was issued he instructed the officer in command to make a proper return and decline to produce the prisoners. He does not state what orders if any were sent to the officers by the Attorney General at the instance of the President nor does he say anything about the influence brought to bear upon the President to secure the removal of the prisoners from the Tortugas to Delaware.

A NEW ROUTE.—The Dalles *Mountaineer* says: We learn from a gentleman just down from the Upper Columbia that a company have completed a new road from Wallula to Montana Territory via Pond Oreille Lake route. From Wallula it is twenty six miles to the ferry on Snake river making a total distance to Cow Creek fifty seven miles which is twenty miles shorter than any other route. The camps are numerous with plenty of grass wood and water. The distances are from Wallula to Fish Hawk Bend fifteen miles to Snake river ferry eleven miles to Musketaway fifteen miles to Spring eight miles and to Cow Creek House eight miles. The road has been regularly surveyed and mile posts placed the whole distance. Last week a six mule team hauled six thousand pounds over the road making the different camps without trouble or accident. Reasonable parties are about to put on stages, which will connect with the boats on the lakes and with Oliver & Co.'s stages on the other side. This route is now open to Montana and appears, from all we are able to learn, to be the most popular of all others.

Green vitriol has destroyed the rats in the sewers at Vienna.

By Overland Telegraph.

[DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO MARCH 16.

[Congressional.]

WASHINGTON, March 15.—In the Senate to-day Fessenden introduced a bill to add a specific contribution of five cents on each gallon of Distilled Spirits and Brandy manufactured after the 1st of July next. Referred.

Colfax introduced a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Interior to inform the Senate whether the Southern Pacific and Atlantic Railroad Company have sold, or will be forthwith required to sell, the lands between San Francisco and San Pablo, and why these lands were not put in the market with the rest. On motion of Grimes, it was agreed to hold an extra session.

A conference resolution to amend one of the joint rules prohibiting the Speaker from entertaining a motion to reconsider the vote by which any bill, resolution or report shall have been finally passed, and providing that such motion may be made at any time within the next succeeding session of Congress, was adopted.

Clark, of N. H., began a speech in favor of the Reconstruction bill, but gave way for a motion to adjourn, which was agreed to—yeas 35, nays 11.

In the House, Hubbard, of New York, offered a resolution providing that the Speaker appoint a committee of nine members to take into consideration the subject of the New York Custom House and to report what action is advisable in the premises. He made a speech, declaring that the New York Custom House, under the Administration was reeking with corruption. He characterized him as a vampire sucking out the life blood of the commerce of New York, hampering merchants by making it subservient to his own personal aggrandizement and political objects. No action was taken.

The Speaker presented a message from the President with a letter from the Secretary of State transmitting additional statement from the Minister at Rome dated February 8th on the subject of the reported removal of the American protestant church from Rome. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mallory, member from Oregon, had the oath administered and took his seat.

The resolution offered by Logan, of Illinois, for the immediate appointment of the Committee on Military Affairs was after debate, postponed until December next by a vote of 80 to 56. The vote is remarked on as indicative of the temper of the House on adjournment. Another resolution for the appointment of a temporary Military Committee was lobbied by a vote of 83 to 56.

Van Wyck from the Committee on Retrenchment (to which was referred the resolution relative to coin claims of Richmond banks, and now in special deposits in the Treasury) reported a joint resolution, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to sell that gold, the amount being about $100 000, and place the proceeds in the Treasury, and let the claimants assert their rights to the same in the Court of Claims.

On motion of Wilson the latter clause was stricken out. He moved that instead of the coin and bullion being sold that it be all into the Treasury. Agreed to. The joint resolution as amended was passed.

Wood, of New York, spoke on the report of the Custom House Committee. He says that whether criminal or not, Collector Smythe had not the capacity or discretion to fill a place of such magnitude and importance.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The resolutions which passed Congress remitting certain duties on Swedish Island vessels refunds about $ 00 dollars to Adolphus Low, Marcoglesy & Co., and Frederick & Co. The resolution passed by the Senate yesterday, releasing Senator Corbett from the mail contract cannot be acted upon by the House at this session unless the Committee on Postoffices be appointed.

A resolution has been offered by Cole of California, in the Senate, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to lease the unoccupied half of the Custom House block to San Francisco.

Cole's canal bill authorizes the company to take the waters of King's river out on the San Joaquin plains for irrigation, and gives the company a portion of the land.

Cole has also introduced a bill to grant a right of way to the Mount Diablo Coal Company to build a rail road to the San Joaquin also a bill granting California all the sterile unproductive and uncultivable lands within her limits, to enable her to construct canals ditches and aqueducts for the purpose of irrigation.

Reconstruction Accepted.

WASHINGTON March 16.—A delegation of the Virginia Legislature has been before the Senate Judiciary Committee. The interview was highly satisfactory. They assure the committee of the earnest intention of Virginia to return to her place in the Union under the terms proposed by Congress. The delegates also visited the President, who said notwithstanding his opposition to the reconstruction bill it is now a law of the land, and he should faithfully execute it. He thought the Legislature had done right in promptly accepting its terms, which would alleviate bitterness and soon restore the Southern States to all their former relations with the Federal Government.

WASHINGTON March 16.—Delegations from the South are arriving daily to obtain the views of the President on the reconstruction difficulty. The bill repudiates the Southern States debts. It declares that present State Governments illegal. All the Southern States have issued bonds since the establishment of the present Government.

It is said that President will appoint only Democrats to office hereafter. Should the Senate not confirm them the responsibility will rest on that body. Indications point strongly to impeachment.

The Fenians

ODENSBURG, N. Y. March 14.—The Fenian excitement is reviving and Fort Wellington is at present being put in a defensive condition and garrisoned. The Provincial authorities are pushing forward troops. There is an unusual number of strange persons traveling this way and rumor connects them with some Fenian movement. The river is frozen over and the ice would afford an easy crossing for an army. The Fenians hold nightly meetings, but maintain the utmost secrecy in regard to their future designs.

CHICAGO March 15.—An immense Fenian meeting was held here last evening. It was addressed by President Roberts and others. The revolt in Ireland was disapproved of and Canada was announced to be the objective point of many volunteers.

Gold in Canada.

OTTAWA C. W. March 15.—Large nuggets of gold have been found in the county of Renfrew. The crown land agent has been notified to withdraw same.

The Late Fenian Outbreak.

NEW YORK March 16.—The *Tribune's* correspondent writing from Dublin, March 2d, says that Government detectives are scouring the mountains and searching every house in Kerry district. Sooner or later they will discover every man connected with the late outbreak. J. J. O'Connor is the chief object of their search. Much sympathy is felt throughout the country for O'Connor because of his gallantry and humanity. The Fenians of cause of his gallantry and humanity. The Fenians of Kerry had committed no excesses. They could have sacked, ravaged and burned mansions of the gentry, but not one was disturbed. Their forbearance has put a complete stop to the outcry of the loyal classes that the Fenians of this district were ruthless and murderous. Not a single act of crime in fact has been committed at Killarney after they dispersed, leaving the town at the mercy of the Fenians.

Labor Market in New York

NEW YORK, March 15.—The *Herald* says the present and prospective condition of the labor market is exciting considerable interest among the working classes of the city. An advanced rate of remuneration is with few exceptions only contemplated by the men of building trades. Ship building is dull. Mechanics employed are working at reduced wages. The present unsettled state of the labor market is unparalleled.

Fever on the Isthmus.

The Panama correspondence of March 4th reports the prevalence of Yellow Fever there. Sixteen deaths from the disease had occurred there on board the U. S. ship Jamestown.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK March 15.—A dispatch announces the burning of half the business portion of Albany, Georgia.

The excitement at the head quarters of the Fenians is unabated. An important communication was received today from the Executive officers of the Irish Republic announcing that war has commenced in earnest and that the movements so far are marked by results to encourage hope in the near future which will be made before many days.

LOUISVILLE, March 15.—The river has fallen 11 and 1/4 feet in the last 36 hours.

NASHVILLE, March 15.—The river is falling; it has receded 12 in. here within the last 24 hours.

NEW YORK March 15.—Hiram Woodruff the celebrated horse trainer died last night.

Shipping

NEW YORK March 15.—Cleared the *Carolina* for San Francisco.

Sailed—The *Hercules* for San Francisco.

Pacific Mail stock 126⅞.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE

LONDON March 15.—It is stated that the European powers have failed to agree on the Eastern question. Russia demands additional concessions for the Christian subjects of the Sultan.

Dispatches from Constantinople state that the Turkish Government is determined to continue the war in Candia and is preparing to send additional troops to that island under command of Hassan Pacha.

LONDON March 15.—Noon.—Consols 94 for money. 5-20s 71¾ at Frankfort U. S. bonds last evening were quoted at 70½.

LIVERPOOL March 15.—The Chamber of Commerce gave a grand banquet to-night in honor of the bravery of the Atlantic cable enterprise at which five gold medals were presented to W. Field Captain Anderson, Cyrus West Field, Professor Thompson and Messrs. Canning, Clifford and Glass. The entertainment was brilliant. The American Minister and the leading American merchants of the city were present. Mr. Robinson was the first toast. The usual loyal toasts were given and the health of the President of the United States. Adams in reply to a highly complimentary toast, declared all personal credit for the great enterprise depended on England and America saying his connection had been directed by the American Government.

The cotton market in the beginning experienced a considerable decline and transactions were slight but the market is gradually recovering from the depression. Quotations at three p. m. show a decline of ⅛ from yesterday's prices and upward tendency. Sales for the week, 9 000 bales. The market opens firm to-day at the following quotations: Middling Uplands 13½; Orleans, 13¾. Corn, selling at 30s 9d for mixed western. Provisions steady.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—The ports in the Baltic are closed by ice.

DUBLIN, March 16.—Evening.—Forty prisoners have been committed at Limerick for high treason. Archbishop Cullen praises the Government for its clemency to the rebels. A rising on Sunday is feared.

PARIS, March 15.—The Universal Exposition will be inaugurated to-morrow. The ceremonies will not take place until a later day.

The Bank of France has loaned to the Imperial Mexican Government three per cent rentes.

NEW YORK March 15.—The *Harmonia* from South Amption with dates to the 6th inst. has arrived.

Disraeli announces that he would bring in a new reform bill on the 18th.

Disraeli said that if the bill contained the elements of a satisfactory settlement, the opposition would receive it with a desire to co-operate with the Government.

The Empress Carlotta has entirely recovered.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The Pacific Mail Steamship *Golden Age* which left Panama March 2, where she connected with the steamer leaving New York February 20th, arrived here this morning.

By the arrival of the steamship *Golden Age* we have later news from Mexico. The full wing items of news is contained in a letter from General Dan E. Alvarez, received by Senor Godoy, Consul of the Republic of Mexico at this port. "The cause del Imperio De Lochi near Chapultepec Feb 19, 1867.—Maximilian left the City of Mexico to-day to gether with Marquez and 2 000 men, and must now be in Queretaro where from 6 000 to 8 000 traitors are assembled. General Escobedo is marching with 12 000 men in order to attack them and on their way will incorporate in his army the forces of Generals Regules, Auson Antillon and other officers, amounting to about 5,000 men. My opinion is that in one month more the so-called Empire will have terminated forever. I give you my best congratulations on such favorable news and I recommend you to adore it to all our friends. The fact above mentioned, that General Regules and other forces are marching towards Queretaro makes it more than probable that not only Morelia but the whole State of Michoacan has been taken and pacificated. General Imperial is now dwelling in the City of Mexico, has addressed proposals to General Lezoca, Republican, commanding in Cuernavaca, to surrender the city to the Liberal forces. To Acapulco the Liberals are in peaceful possession of that place.

"The cholera has entirely disappeared from Nicaragua. Captain Pirn had arrived at Greytown. Don Fernando Guzman, the President elect of Nicaragua, was to have been inaugurated as Constitutional chair on the 1st of March. The election of Senor Guzman appears to be well received in the States."

The United States war steamer *Saranac* left port this afternoon on a cruise in the Southern Pacific waters, for the protection of American waters. Private telegrams quote gold in New York as ranging at 134¾ sterling, 1083@1 100. Legal Tenders are in moderate demand at 74½ buying and 73¾ selling. The demand for exchange and bullion for Tuesday's steamer has hardly opened. Coin drafts on Atlantic cities are quoted at 2½@2¾ per cent, currency do, 30 per cent premium on gold telegraphic transfers, 49½ per cent; exchange 49½, Mexican dollars 5 per cent premium. Gold bars rule nominal at $ 70 and silver do ½ per cent premium. Flour sales of 4,000 qrs. Genesee superfine for export to China, per *Colorado*. 500 250 qrs do for local consumption 500 600 bbls. Rye flour are at 2@2 50. Wheat is quiet and prices weak; sales of 25@5 00. Extra at 4 75@5 00 per bbl. Wheat sales include 880 sks. coast 165½ 2,500 sks. medium 165 3,000 sks choice 1 75 300 sks do $1 80 per 100 lbs. Barley—the market continues depressed; brewers are only offering $2¼@2 85 for choice. Potatoes 150 sks Pigeon Point from second hands 1 17½. Rodgers sell at 1 75 @ 1 80. Within the past 24 hours two distilleries have been seized in this city under circumstances which leave no doubt but they were used for an illicit distillation of whiskey, and the supposed offenders in both cases are now under arrest.

FROM THE NORTH.

VICTORIA, March 10.—The steamer *Active* from San Francisco, arrived last night. Owing to strong north west winds, she put into Crescent City on the 11th and Port Orford on the 12th, for shelter.

VICTORIA, March 16.—The ship *Emerald*, 113 days from Hartlepool with telegraph cable, arrived at Esquimalt at noon to-day.

LATE EASTERN NEWS

Hon. Thomas Declines

NEW YORK March 15.—A letter from George H. Thomas is published, declining the nomination for President by the Union men of Tennessee. He says as he is nothing but a soldier, he can only serve his country in that capacity.

An Unwilling Witness in the Impeachment Case.

NEW YORK March 9.—The *Times'* special says that General Fullerton, now Postmaster at St. Louis, who has been pledging the sentence of the Judiciary Committee in the impeachment matter for about a month is to be brought to Washington by an officer.

Government Aid for the South

WASHINGTON, March 8.—A statement of Gen. Howard, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, transmitted to the Senate by the Secretary of War, states that 82,622 whites and 24,238 colored people in the South will need food from the Bureau before the next crop can relieve them. The number of rations required for one month is 1 070,000; for five months, the probable time required, 5,385,000, which, at the ready Avenue per ration, the original cost, amounts to $2,153,750; of this $923,000 has already been appropriated, leaving

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1867.

The Failure of 1861 Repeated.

It has been but a few weeks since we were promised immediate civil war if Congress should refuse to recognize the rebel governments of the ten *out* States, or undertake to displace them by providing for the formation of other governments. Such action would render the renewal of civil strife inevitable. An Ithad of woe, a world of disasters would follow. The fighting this time would not be confined to a single section, but every community and every brotherhood, North and South, would be involved in it. This time the long forbearing Democracy were to be counted in. There was no mistake about it. They could confront grim-visaged war as bravely as others could. Having expended very little of their animosity in this generous trade while others were struggling to put down the late rebellion, much of it in consequence still remained, and it would not be safe to provoke it further. Like desperate men, they had grown awfully indifferent to consequences. In fact, they were for the anxious than otherwise to let slip the dogs of war. Every man was a Hector whom no servants of persuasion could restrain from the fight. Our Southern brethren this time were not to be left in the lurch. They were to have allies to support their endeavors for the maintenance of States. And the Radicals would find the next war quite a different affair from the last one. The Democrats, North and South, had a million majority. Under this state of facts, which party is likely to triumph? That's what they would like to know. Would any cowardly Radical dare them that?

There were promises of Democratic assistance from the South quite as liberal as those which were made from the same quarter in 1861. Neither ex-President Pierce nor ex-Senator Jo. Lane, nor "any other" gentleman, ever surpassed the furious rodomontade that has lately been heard in all parts of the South, threatening the Radicals with Congressional vengeance. But the Southern wing of the coalition hesitates. What if their Northern friends should, after all this brag and bluster, desert them in a cowardly manner as they did in a similar exigency six years ago? What if Democracy should end as before, not in the halls of Montezuma, but in the dastardly conduct of Buchanan? Grave doubts, suggested by experience, exist in the minds of the Confederates in relation to these matters; and therefore they prefer to wait for a more favorable outbreak. Their professed friends won't betray them into such a snare again. They are to be another war, they would respectfully suggest that the Northern Democracy shall strike the first blow. They would have their allies show their words by deeds before they will trust their necks.

All the governments have been set aside, and there is yet no sign of resistance to the measure which was to create civil war. The Confederates are tired of waiting for the revolt of the Democracy of the North have concluded to submit to the action of Congress, and such of them as have not already submitted are now vigorously at work forming new governments in conformity with the requirements of the law. They have even ceased to talk of treason, and profess the greatest willingness to return to the Union under the conditions imposed. The United States, it is very evident, will soon be united. The completeness of the Confederates' submission is rendered apparent by the fact that in making up all the Southern States into the sixth Military District Congress requires the votes of a majority of the voters who participated in the election of delegates to the Constitutional Conventions. Never did arguments more than those which will occur to every observer prove that the work of reconstruction is a good road leading from Portland to the Eastern Plains. City property would be alike benefited beyond all calculation by it. We do not care to repeat what we have said heretofore on this subject; but we cannot refrain from again earnestly urging the prosecution of the work. On Saturday we were informed that only a few thousand dollars of the stock had yet been taken in the city. Assurance has been received that much more will be taken; but it is to be feared that the property holders of Portland are not sufficiently awake to the importance of the road. Here is a feasible plan. Here is an opportunity to do something that will redound to the interests of Portland. A vast number of inexpressible enterprises are talked of, and a valuable breath is expended in puffing them into additional notice; but here is a work that is practicable, and one that ought not to be delayed. Build the road to Hillsboro, and the people of Washington, Yamhill and Polk counties will extend it to Lafayette and Dallas, and a large portion of country will be brought into connection with Portland, and will contribute largely to its prosperity. Those who are acquainted with the nature of Oregon roads in winter know enough why this plank and macadamized road should be built. Now is the time to act. If this road cannot be built, it is big talk to be talking of vastly greater enterprises.

The Democrats have talked of making General [illegible] their candidate for the Presidency in 1868. If they mean to go into the contest on the "white man's Government" doctrine, he will not be worthy to, as he is on record against it. In his Cooper Union letter of 1856 he said: "If you admit the negro to this struggle for any purpose he has a right to stay for all, and when the fight is over, the hand that drops the musket cannot be raised to the ballot."

The Astoria Custom House.—We have it from some who came up from Astoria by the *Shubrick* yesterday, that A. S. Mercer now has charge of the Custom House at that place. It is said that he received a special dispatch from the Secretary of the Treasury authorizing him to take charge of it. Accordingly he relieved Mr. West, and will discharge for the present, the duties of the office.

Avery, Bigler, Bogboy, and all other contestants for the Sacramento Assessorship have been set aside, and Major Blankery, a California soldier, appointed. We do not find it stated that he has yet been confirmed. The wisdom of the Courts will, at this rate, soon be unable to tell who the Assessor of the Sacramento District is.

A Good Thing from Theodore Tilton.—A rumor has been current in the West of an approaching marriage between Theodore Tilton and Miss Anna E. Dickinson. The expected bridegroom thus refers to the happy event in a letter of inquisitive correspondent:

OTTAWA, (Ill.) Jan. 31, 1867.

My Dear Sir: In reply to your kind inquiry whether the story be indeed true that I am to marry my present friend Miss Anna Dickinson, I take me just to mention (what must suffice for the press at) that in this, as in every other matter, I am bound by a rule which I have observed for nearly eleven years, and that is, not to take a conclusive action without the advice of Mrs. Elizabeth R. Tilton, a very sensible woman, and the wife of Yours, truly,

THEODORE TILTON.

Card from Gen. Butler.—General Butler recently addressed the following note to the editor of the New York *Tribune*:

SIR: May I ask you to stamp a forgery? An announcement is going the rounds of the papers that I have brought a suit against one Pomeroy, of the La Crosse (Wis.) *Democrat*, for libel. That notice, so contrary to my determined silence as to newspaper slanders, needed confirmation, so the *Democrat* publishes a letter, purporting to be signed by me, offering to withdraw the suit, to which he makes a grandiloquent and abusive reply. Need I say that I have brought no such suit against him or any other slandering scribbler?

The letter is a forgery to bolster a lie.

Yours, truly, BENJ. F. BUTLER.

NEW YORK, February 4th, 1867.

Letter from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12th, 1867.

During the past two weeks and a fraction, we have had some very pleasant days here; but the staple of the weather has been wet, murky and cold. Yet it must be confessed that a pleasant period that the Frisco *have been* in love with their climate, and were always boasting of it when in Portland. But this winter they crow low and avoid the subject—unless it is pressed upon their attention by a disappointed visitor from the BEAVER STATE, when they parry the half-concealed thrust by some allusion to "Oregon mists."

In the matter of street improvement, San Francisco might learn a lesson from Portland. She still adheres to the miserable *individual* system, by which every property holder improves his portion of the street as if it were his private way. As a consequence, Montgomery street is a patchwork of cobble stone and Nicholson—here a strip of boulder and there another of wooden blocks. It requires some courage to assert the just and beneficent authority of the *municipium* over the citizen in this respect, and unless it is done at the outset, it is almost impossible to do so afterwards. Even in Portland, we often see the Council hesitating about enforcing the law, so as to produce uniform improvements, from a lack of courage to compel some obstinate or selfish individuals to get out of the way or keep step with the music.

The Horse Cars of San Francisco are an important feature of the city. They are now extended over a large part of the town and suburbs, and appear to be under excellent management. From early dawn until late at night, in the course of ten or twenty minutes, you will meet a car going either direction on any of the lines. The lines upon different streets are owned by different companies, but a ticket of any company is a legal tender and will pay fare in any car. Everybody rides in the cars, and a day spent in them, I imagine, will give a stranger a fair impression of the populace of San Francisco.

Young radishes,—about the size of a peanut, made their appearance on the table about the first of this month. Yesterday I saw a nosegay, culled between Oakland and the College, that is situated a short distance back of it. The flowers were wild, with the exception of a sprig of Acacia. The latter was in full bloom and very fragrant.

Lone Mountain is the principal graveyard (now-a-days called *Cemetery* by Dictionary people,) of the city. At present it forms the extreme western limit of "the settlement," but if the progress of the past is maintained in the future, it will not be twenty years before the town is built over it or around it. By nature the place is a more barren sand hill, but money, pride, patriotism, friendship, and affection, have done something to clothe it with green verdure, and mure to adorn it with wrought marble and granite. The most pretentious monument is Dan'l. Bridedrick's. Whether the flattering inscriptions and emblems upon this tall shaft represent what he was, but should have been," remains a question.

The monument, although nominally dedicated to the memory of the deceased Senator and politician, is doubtless the direct product of the intense public feeling generated by the political controversy which culminated in the late civil war. With this controversy, just as the secession ball was to decide it, were about to be drawn, Broderick had the fortune (fortuitous as it appears to me) to link his name on the popular side. The casuality of his death occurring as it did in a duel with a Southern man, although in fact the result of a mere personal quarrel, was skillfully used to make him appear in the light of a first martyr in the cause of the North. As the expression and outgrowth of this popular idea I regard this monument. As martyrs in a winning cause are always accepted as good men and true, the tribute to his personal worth and public services follows naturally enough.

The rooms of the Mercantile Library is a pleasant place to spend an odd hour. Men and women—old and young—are continually thronging in and out of its portals. Some read, some study, some take notes, others gaze at the human crowd, while a large number of the men folk devote themselves to the chess room and tobacco. The reading room is about 60x30 feet in size, and well filled with newspapers and periodicals. There are some files of newspapers also in the chess room, among others, the two Portland dailies and *Bell's Life in London*. The former I always found on the rack, and the latter in the hands of some interested reader. The taste of the chess room *habitues* may be inferred from this fact. In the reading room are six English engravings from Carleton's Raphael. Peter and John healing the lame man at the beautiful gate of the temple, with the inscription from the vulgate: *In nomine Jesu Christi Nazareni surge et ambula*. The miraculous draft of fishes. Christ's charge to Peter to feed the sheep—*Pasce oves meas*. According to the theology of Raphael's time, Peter is upon his knees before Jesus, with the *keys* in his hands, Elymas the sorcerer, struck with blindness. Paul preaching at Athens. It was here, I believe, that the famous expression—"*Men and brethren*" was first used by the Apostle. The death of Ananias. Paul and Barnabas rejecting the sacrifice at Lystris. These engravings are an interminable study, and one may gaze at them for hours and come again and see something new.

There is also an oil painting of the landing of Columbus in America. It is a boat eight by five feet in size, and, except for its size, did not appear remarkable to me. If I have ignorantly snubbed an old master or a modern genius, I beg pardon in advance. There are also oil paintings of Clay and Webster,—the latter in the traditional buff vest,—looking the personification of intellectual power and majesty, while the former has all the merit of ugliness which distinguished the face of the original when in a state of repose. What most interested me after the Cartoons was the "Roll of Battle of 1066," a fac simile of the death warrant of Charles the First and of Magna Carta. The first is about one yard by two-thirds of a yard in size. In the centre is a scroll containing the names of the Norman Knights who mustered under William at the battle of Hastings. The margin is filled with the shields of the principal Knights. Magna Carta is a copy of the original signed by John in the form of a deed and the attendant barons. No names are written, but the parties have stamped their seals upon the wax. The caption of the warrant to execute Charles, reads,—"At the high court of justice for the trying and judging of Charles Stewart, King of England, Jan. 20, 1648," and then recites, that "Charles Stewart stands convicted, attainted and condemned of treason and other high crimes." To the warrant are appended 59 signatures and seals bearing the coats of arms of the signers, who thenceforth became famous and infamous as the Regicides. The first name is Jo. Bradshaw and the last Miles Corbet. Corbet's name also appears in the battle roll of Hastings, and his shield has a white ground, with a Raven with closed wings. Corbet, the Regicide, has the same coat of arms upon his seal, but spells his name with one *t*. In 1629, Richard Corbett, a poet and divine, was Bishop of Oxford, and in 1632 he was translated to the See of Norwich. I suppose Senator Corbett, of Oregon, is from the Miles Corbet branch. A little over 200 years from the time Miles sat in "the high court of justice for trying and judging" the King of England, his American descendant at a somewhat similar period is a member of another, "high court of justice," on this continent,—The American Senate. "So runs the world *around*."

The telegraph between here and Portland keeps a dignified silence as to Oregon events. Once a week or not so often it speaks of the arrival or departure of a steamer, but nothing more.

M. P. D.

Terrible Avalanche.—The Virginia City (Nev.) *Enterprise* gives the following particulars of a great avalanche which occurred near Donner Lake in the Sierra Nevada Mountains a short time ago:

We are informed by Mr. Hamilton, telegraph operator at Cisco, that a fearful avalanche fell on Thursday night last, overwhelming a collection of Chinese shanties situated some distance below the Summit tunnel, and down the grade toward the lake. The shanties were either crushed in or swept away, and over 30 Celestials buried in the the snow. Some were exhumed shortly after the disaster, but others were so long buried that at one time it was supposed that no less than 30 had perished. Forty hours elapsed before all were dug out, when it was found that the dead numbered but 17—enough in all conscience. The last man found was alive, although 40 hours under the snow. He was in bed and the roof of his shanty had been crushed down in such a manner as to confine him there without inflicting bodily injury. When dug out he got up and shook himself, exclaiming, "Ugh! too-mucha hot?" The slide occurred about the same place as that of last year, by which, it will be remembered, a Marysville man lost his life. Mr. Hamilton has had a rough trip, having been eight days between this city and Cisco, wading through snow waist deep in order to put the line in order. He had got it all right to Crystal Peak, when it again broke behind him. He will start back again to day, and try it over. He is certainly good grit.

State Items.

Cayuse horses are selling at the Dalles at prices ranging from thirty to sixty dollars.

During last week a large number of men left the Dalles with packs on their backs for Canyon City.

The snow is over five feet deep around Fort Klamath, and one foot deep at the Rancheria, eight miles south of this.

The Indians of the Warm Spring Reservation are quiet and are making preparations for putting in their spring crops. Captain McKay has received a supply of fresh horses which will enable him to make another expedition against the hostile bands.

A Jackson county paper remarks. The Portland papers want to know the price at which sheep can be purchased in this valley. In answer, we have to say that there are none for sale, but on the contrary, we know of several parties who wish to purchase from one to three thousand head.

The mail carrier to Waldo informs Jacksonville paper that the snow on the Slate Creek Hill, in Josephine county, is about three feet deep; also, that the ferry boat at the lower crossing of the Applegate was washed away on the 27th ult. It was recovered, before reaching Rogue river.

They have succeeded in obtaining some ice at the Dalles. About twelve tons have been taken from the reservoir in the city. On Fifteen Mile Creek about 100 tons of ice and pressed snow have been put up. The *Mountaineer* believes that its people will have wherewithal to keep cool the coming summer.

A man named William Elliott died suddenly at Oregon City on Friday evening last. The cause of his death was found on examination to be poison by strychnine. A few hours before his death the deceased had purchased the poison, and the empty bottle was found in his room after his death. No reason can be assigned for the act.

A dispatch from Salem informs us that a fire broke out in Salem on Saturday evening in Monteith's Picture Gallery in Reed parlors Building, and before being discovered had burned the inside and burned through the roof. The firemen were promptly on the ground and succeeded in quenching the flames. The loss was inconsiderable.

Last week says the Jacksonville *Sentinel*, of the 9th, we saw at Mr. Beckman's banking house, a large specimen of solid gold, weighing five hundred and ten dollars, which was obtained in the mines of this vicinity. The piece was purchased from a Chinaman, and has evidently been cut in two. Mr. Beakman thinks that the nugget, as originally found, must have weighed about sixty ounces or one thousand dollars.

The town election of Jacksonville came off on the 5th inst. The *Sentinel* remarks that the election has never been excelled in that county for the amount of personal, or, properly speaking, political strife engendered. So much so that in the evening there came near being a general mess. The contest was principally confined to the candidates for Marshal. The whole number of votes polled was 183. D. M. Banks was elected Marshal by 12 majority over his competitor, Wm. M. Bryce, who received 74 votes. Messrs. D. Linn, John S. Love, Henry Judge, John Orth and Alex Martin were elected Trustees; U. F. Hayden, Recorder; Max Miller, Treasurer; L. H. Zigler, Street Commissioner.

The *Mountaineer* of Saturday says: "Buchanan & Co's Canyon City Express Messenger, Mr. Walker, arrived last evening, from whom we learn the following news: On Tuesday morning last on Cherry Creek, the Indians stole a pack train belonging to Charles Kreyner, better known as "Dutch Charley," who was returning from Canyon City. He started out in search of his horses, and not being able to find them, returned to camp and found all his saddles, &c., destroyed. From the sign, there was supposed to be ten or eleven Indians. Frank Tompkins also had one horse stolen at the same time. Some ten days ago the Indians stole some cattle from Geo. Riley's ranch, thirteen miles this side of Canyon. The weather at Canyon City, for the past two weeks, has been very cold, consequently all mining operations have been suspended for the present.

The *Enterprise* says: Messrs. Logan, Garrett & Co. of Clackamas county have recently erected a large flouring mill on Butte Creek, twenty miles south of this city, in the midst of an extensive agricultural district, which is just now beginning to attract the attention of the public. Its owners have pushed forward the work in spite of many obstacles, until their efforts have been crowned with success and they are beginning to reap the profits of their labors. Their flour has been introduced into this market, and already taken rank among the best brands of the State, and they are determined it shall not lose the reputation it has established. The senior partner, Mr. J. P. Logan, is an experienced miller, who for many years has been engaged in that business in Illinois for the New York market. The main building is a very substantial frame, 29 by 30 feet, three stories high, exclusive of which is a basement, and is designed for custom and merchant work.

THE TARIFF BILL has been defeated in Congress; but KOHN & FISHEL, of the ST. LOUIS STORE, 111, Front street, will sell their New Stock of GENTS' CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS at rates defying competition.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—THEOLD BUCHTEL & CARDWELL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, 89 First Street, has passed into the hands of JOSEPH BUCHTEL, Proprietor and Operator, who having just returned from San Francisco, with ALL THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS, is prepared to take every style of picture known to the art.

H. PARKER. J. W. STEVENS.

PARKER & STEVENS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW.

Particular attention given to civil and criminal cases in all the courts of Washington Territory, Idaho Territory and Oregon.

Land business in all its various departments promptly attended to.

Collections made without delay.

H. PARKER, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon, California, Idaho, and other States and Territories.

Walla Walla, W. T., Feb. 22, 1867. mh1

C. H. MACK,

DENTIST,

Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery.

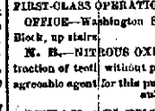
The patronage of those who desire and can appreciate FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS is especially solicited.

OFFICE—Washington St., corner of Front, Parrish's Block, up stairs.

N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the extraction of teeth without pain. It is the safest and most agreeable agent for this purpose ever discovered.

au30dawtf

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.

CHAS. F. WIGGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
Portland, Oregon.

fe6dtf

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist.

DENTAL ROOMS,

No. 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

fe1 d3ptf

NEW TO-DAY.

Billiard Tables.

THREE OF PHELAN'S CAROM AND POCKET Tables, latest patent, for sale. Terms easy. Apply to P. C. HORNUNG,
mh18tf New York Bakery, 9 North Front St.

Grape Vines

FROM the celebrated Vineyards of Messrs. Mathiot of Bittonville; also a prime lot of ROYAL ANN CHERRY TREES for sale low by

R. E. CHATFIELD,
At E. J. Northrup & Co's Hardware Store,
mh18d3t* Portland, Oregon.

For Sale or Rent,

160 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LAND, WITH the best RACE COURSE in the State, situated two and a half miles east of this place. Will sell or rent cheap. Enquire of L. M. STARR.
Portland, March 18, 1867. dtf

City Taxes!

THE TAX ROLL FOR THE YEAR 1866 IS NOW in my hands for collection, and all remaining unpaid at the expiration of thirty days will be returned as delinquent. C. P. FERRY,
Portland, March 18, 1867. d1m City Treasurer.

Notice.

AS MY WIFE, ANNA MORRILL, has taken an unceremonious leave of my bed and board, I hereby caution any one from trusting her on my account.

ELI MORRILL.
Multnomah county, March 18, 1867. d4w*

For Tillamook!

ON OR ABOUT THE 25th THE FINE SCHOONER

ELLEN,

DEAN.....Master,

Will leave for the above port. Freight at reduced rates. For Freight or Passage apply on board.
March 18, 1867. dtf

WILLAMETTE THEATRE.

The Renowned

TANNER TROUPE!!

PROPRIETOR.....T. W. TANNER.

The Manager respectfully informs the public generally that he has leased and renovated the above Theater and will give one of their chaste and elegant entertainments on

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 20,

When will be presented the magnificent Pantomime of

THE RED GNOME!

Together with a splendid bill of new SONGS, DANCES and NEGRO ECCENTRICITIES.

Owing to the great expense of putting the RED GNOME upon the stage, the price of admission will be, Dress Circle and Parquette, 75 cents; Pit, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, $1. Doors open at 7 o'clock; performance commences at 8. mh18tf

NEW TO-DAY.

For San Francisco,

DIRECT.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL AND WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

Freight & Passage at Reduced Rates.

The California, Oregon and Mexico S. S. Company's

NEW AND STAUNCH STEAMSHIP

CONTINENTAL,

1,026 tons Registry,

FREDERICK BOLLES.....Commander

Will leave Couch' Wharf for the above Port on

Wednesday Morning, March 20th, 1867,

At 6 o'clock A. M.

Rates:

CABIN PASSAGE, Upper Saloon.....$15 00
" Lower Saloon.....10 00
STEERAGE " 5 00
FREIGHT, PER TON..... 5 00

This vessel offers superior passenger accommodations and larger freight capacity than any other on this coast.

For Freight or Passage, apply at
COMPANY'S OFFICE, Sayler's Building,
No. 12 North Front Street,
mh18dtd GEO. W. WEIDLEIN, Agent.

WM. A. WHITEHORNE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 223 Battery St., San Francisco.

AGENCY

Schuyler, Hartley, Graham & Co.,

IMPORTERS OF

Jewelry, Fancy & Military Goods

GUNS, PISTOLS, CUTLERY, ETC.

18½ Sand St., Birmingham. 19 Maiden Lane, and 23 John street, NEW YORK. 41 Rue du Chaussee d'Eau, Paris

mh18dlm1p*

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA,

San Francisco, March 2d, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED by the undersigned until 12 M., MARCH 30, 1867, for receiving in the Government Warehouses, in this city, military stores, and transporting the same to the interior as follows:

To Camp Douglas, Utah, 500 tons, more or less.

To Helena, Montana, 500 tons, more or less.

Bidders will state the price per pound, in gold coin.

Bids are also invited for the transportation from Camp Douglas to other posts in Utah, and from Helena to other posts in Montana, stating the price per pound for one hundred miles.

No bids will be received without bonds giving sufficient guarantee that the bidder will accept the contract if awarded him.

The Contractor must be prepared to receive the stores by the first of May.

This advertisement to be paid for pro rata by the contractors.

R. W. KIRKHAM,
Brevet Colonel and
Dep'y Qr. Mr. Gen.

San Francisco, Cal., March 2, 1867. mh18d2ptd

New Spring Goods!

TOBIN,

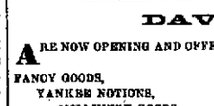
DIXON & DAVIDSON.

ARE NOW OPENING AND OFFER FOR SALE LOW,

FANCY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
PERFUMERY,
CUTLERY,
SMALL WARES, &c., &c.

TOBIN, DIXON & DAVIDSON,

Corner Sacramento and Battery streets,
mh18d1m2p San Francisco, California.



STANDARD SOAP COMPANY'S

CONCENTRATED

WASHING POWDER!

THIS POWDER IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER Soaps or compounds for WASHING and CLEANING. It is made of pure material and contains nothing that will injure the finest fabric. Equally as good for using in *Hard as Soft Water*. No soap ever required to be used with this Powder. *One Pound* will make *Three Gallons* of beautiful *Soft Soap*. It is put up in wrappers of one pound each, and in boxes of ten pounds each, with directions. Sold by all Grocers. Manufactured at
303 Sacramento St., San Francisco.

STANDARD SOAP CO. also manufactures all kinds of LAUNDRY and FAMILY SOAPS, equal to Eastern manufactured. mh18d3m3p

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution, to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Multnomah, in favor of L. C. Fuller and J. P. Smith, and against Henry Martin and the joint copartnership property of both Henry Martin and P. H. Martin, amounting to the sum of $3,904 07 in United States gold coin, I did on the 16th day of March, A. D., 1867, levy on all of the goods, wares, and merchandise being in the store of Henry Martin & Co., in the city of Portland, in Multnomah county, consisting of a general assortment of groceries, tobacco, cigars, willow ware, brooms, bacon, flour, counters, shelving, show cases, &c., &c., and various other articles too numerous to mention, as the personal property of the above named defendants, and will proceed to sell the same at public auction, to the highest bidder, for United States gold coin, from the auction rooms of A. B. Richardson, on Thursday, the 28th day of March, A. D., 1867. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah Co., Oregon.
Portland, March 18th, 1867. mh18td

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!

D. STEINHEISER,

(Successor to Gerstle & Reinhardt,)

LA GRANDE, OREGON,

TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO HIS friends and customers that he has removed from the old stand to the corner formerly occupied by Gerstle & Reinhardt, and that he is just receiving an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Hats and Caps,

CROCERIES, NOVISIONS,

Liquors, &c.

The undersigned takes pleasure in thanking his many friends and customers for their past liberal patronage, and designs in the future to merit an equal share of the same.

D. STEINHEISER.
LA GRANDE, Oregon, Dec. 1st, 1866. d2p3m

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

Wines and Liquors!

NO. 25 FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

NOS. 604 AND 606 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

N. B.—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco, if desired. oct31tf&dw

HAY, OATS AND GROUND FEED FOR SALE BY
H. H. LAW.

Miscellaneous.

Irish Relief Fund!

THE PORTLAND HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOciety design to appropriate the proceeds of their Sixth Annual Ball to the cause of Irish Freedom. That the donation may be as large as possible, they in the all who are friends of the cause to be present on the occasion, or, if unable to be present, to assist by purchasing tickets. mh16td W. P. BURKE, President.

Sixth Annual Ball

OF THE PORTLAND

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

WILL BE GIVEN AT THE

ORO FINO HALL,

ON

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 18, 1867,

Committee of Arrangements:

R. BARRY, A. MELLON,
P. GATENS, T. KEARNEY.

Reception Committee:

B. BARRY, J. SWEENEY,
P. COARLEY, A. MELLON.

Floor Managers:

B. P. DILLON, M. GLEASON,
R. CAHALIN, P. B. SINNOTT,
F. GATENS, P. MARTIN,
W. P. BURKE.

TICKETS, $3—Can be procured at S. J. McCORMICK'S Book Store, or of any of the members.
Portland, March 13, 1867. mh13dtd

HATS! HATS!

MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

HATS, CAPS,

AND

HATTERS' MATERIALS.

No. 72 Front Street, Portland.

ARE RECEIVING, IN ADDITION TO THEIR EXtensive Stock, by every steamer, all the LATEST STYLES of New York, London and Parisian tastes, for

Gentlemen's and Children's Wear.

Which they will sell

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

P. S.—Hats of every Style and Description MADE TO ORDER, also neatly repaired at
nov1dtf2p J. C. MEUSDORFFER & BRO.

INCORPORATED.....JAN. 16TH, 1866.

OREGON

IRON WORKS,

Corner Morrison and Seventh Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS COMPANY HAVE LATELY ENLARGED their Works, and by the introduction of the most improved Machinery and Tools, are fully able to compete with any Iron Works on this coast, both in the character of work, and their facilities for executing contracts and orders promptly for any kind of Machinery required, embracing:

MARINE, STATIONARY and PORTABLE ENGINES and BOILERS;
BATTERIES of any required weight;
WHEELER & RANDALL'S FOUNTAIN, and MOORE'S GRINDERS and AMALGAMATORS;
Hungerford's CONDENSTRATORS, SHOES and DIES;
FLOURING and SAW-MILL WORK;
PORTABLE STEAM SAW-MILLS;
LEFFEL & MYER'S AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEELS;
Shafting and Pulleys, Iron Fronts, Doors and Shutters, and all kinds of Machinery and Castings.

For the convenience of parties ordering Machinery of us we furnish at the lowest market prices, Battery Screens, Copper Plates, Leather and Rubber Belting.

A. G. GIBBS, Prest.
Portland, October 20, 1866. oct6dtf

FOR GRATUITOUS DISTRIBUTION.

"THE SCIENCE OF LIFE,

Or, How to Live and What to Live For."

A highly interesting and valuable Work, including "The Philosophy of Marriage," Mental Diseases, Their Cause and Cure," and a thousand valuable hints and good counsels for young men.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE

Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, San Francisco,

Have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive Lectures on Marriage and its disqualifications; Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power; the Great Social Evil, and those maladies which result from Youthful Follies, Excesses of Maturity, or Ignorance of Physiology and of Nature's Laws. These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands and will be forwarded FREE on receiving twenty-five cents in postage stamps, by addressing "Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, at the Eureka Theatre, Montgomery street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co.
mar1d&w2p3m

Read! Read!!

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES made to measure or order at

SHELBY'S

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

95 First Street.

CUSTOM WORK ALWAYS ON HAND.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
fe5dtf A. D. SHELBY.

UMATILLA,

GRANITE AND OLIVE CREEK

EXPRESS!

LEAVES

UMATILLA

EVERY

Tuesday Morning

For the above named points.

N. R. PARSONS,
fe22d0m2p Proprietor.

CHAS. HOPKINS,

(Successor to G. W. VAUGHN,)

DEALER IN

Hardware & Cutlery,

IRON AND STEEL,

Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'

TOOLS, PLOWS,

REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS

AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,

No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,

oc4 PORTLAND, OREGON. d2ptf

JUST RECEIVED!

A. H. WHITE,

No. 110 Front Street,

IS NOW RECIEVING BY EVERY STEAMER

Large Additions to his Extensive Stock of

Boots, Shocs, Gaiters,

and all other Goods in his line among which are

SKEDELICK'S, BURTS, MILES', GODFREY'S AND BENKERT'S

LATEST STYLES

Call in and examine the Stock, opposite the New Columbian Hotel.

NEW YORK

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

MESSRS. GRABENHEIM & COHEN TAKES pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened the above named store in this city, where they are now opening a large and selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies', Misses' and

Children's Wear, &c.

We invite the public to examine our stock.

GRABENHEIM & COHEN,
jan14tf 89 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

LOUIS WOLFENSTEIN, HIRSH WOLFENSTEIN, San Francisco. WM. MEYER, HIRSH WOLFENSTEIN, New York.

WM. MEYER & CO.,

Corner of Sacramento and Sansome Sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

THE BEST MADE

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

EVER OFFERED ON THE PACIFIC COAST,

—CONSISTING OF—

Men's French Beaver Suits,
Men's French Cassimere Suits,
Men's Union Cassimere Suits,
French Black Cloth Frock Coats,
French Brown and Olive Frock Coats,
French Black Doeskin Pants,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FRENCH CASSIMERE PANTS.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

UNION CASSIMERE PANTS.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

SATINETT PANTS.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Cottonade Pants.

DUSTERS AND LINEN SACK COATS.

HEAVY LINEN DUCK DUSTERS,
HEAVY SPANISH LINEN DUSTERS,
HEAVY LINEN SACK COATS,
HEAVY LINEN SUITS,
WHITE LINEN DUCK SUITS,

STAPLE GOODS.

THE BEST SEWED AND LARGEST CUT OF

Overalls, Jumpers, Duck Pants and Traveling Shirts.

EVER MADE FOR THIS MARKET.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Boys' Clothing.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Furnishing Goods.

SOLE AGENTS OF

THOMAS ATKINSON'S SHIRTS,

WHICH ARE FAR SUPERIOR IN QUALITY AND FIT TO ANY OTHER SHIRT IN MARKET.

We respectfully invite the Trade to examine our stock.

WM. MEYER & CO.,

Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets,
ja20d0m2p SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO ASSAYING

AND

REFINING WORKS.

No. 416 Montgomery Street,

(Successors to Kellogg, Hewston & Company.)

CAPITAL STOCK, $1,000,000!

Directors:

JOHN PARROTT, CHAS. E. McLANE,
WM. C. RALSTON, A. HAYWARD,
LOUIS A. GARNETT.

LOUIS A. GARNETT..... President and Manager.
JOHN HEWSTON, Jr.....Chemist and Superintendent.

THIS COMPANY HAVING GREATLY enlarged their Refining Works, and introduced many other important improvements, are pleased to announce that they feel warranted in again tendering materially their terms of doing business.

THE TARIFF OF CHARGES

Which they now submit to the public—considered with reference to the cost of material and labor—is lower than in any other part of the world, and secures to the mining interest of this coast an important increase in both the gilding and material rates of bullion.

These charges hereafter will be as follows:

FOR ASSAYING DEPOSITS FOR UNPARTED GOLD BARS.

One-eighth of one per cent. (heretofore a quarter) for all amounts over $1,000, and two dollars for any smaller sum. Returns made in twenty-four hours.

FOR ASSAYING DEPOSITS FOR UNPARTED SILVER BARS.

Two dollars for the gold contained, up to $1,000, and one-eighth of one per cent. for all amounts over that sum, and one per cent. on the silver contained. Returns made in twenty-four hours.

FOR REFINING DEPOSITS MADE FOR COIN OR FINE BARS.

On bullion under 900 parts gold, 2 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 900½@800 parts gold, 4 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 800½@750 parts gold, 6 cents per ounce.
On bullion from 750½@940½ parts gold, 8 cents per ounce.
Above 950 the only charge will be for coinage. But there will be no charge for refining less than two dollars.

FOR COINING GOLD.

This charge will be the same as at the Mint—a half of one per cent.—and which is paid by us to that institution; but there will be no charge in future for making fine gold or silver bars from bullion refined by us.

RETURNS IN COIN IN

...ud Commission.

...ICHARDSON,
...IONEER
...ront and Oak Streets.

...ION SALES
GROCERIES GENERAL
...ISE AND HORSES
...dnesday and Saturday.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

...ivate Sale.
...ED BAR and SUNDLE IRON
...RE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL
...PILES, HASPS, HAWS
...ANS SHEET IRON R G IRON.
ALSO
...ment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
...S RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

...tensive and
...PTORY SALE
OF
...QUORS,
...es, Furniture,
...Merchandise, &c.
...MARCH 30TH, 1867,
...10 o'clock A M
...EEN CORN;
...REEN PEAS
Soap:
O. SOAP;
Candles:
...LANDER'S CANDLES
Tobacco:
...L. TOBACCO
Rice.
...RICE;
Sardines:
...ARDINES, bf boxes;
Sugar:
CRUSHED SUGAR
Syrup:
...OLDEN SYRUP;
...le and Porter:
...LE,
...PORTER,
Mens:
...AYOU BRAND
...ED BRAND,
ALSO,
...IRON SAFE,
ALSO,
...d-Room and
Kitchen Furniture,
...RICHARDSON, Auctioneer,

...T AND PEREMPTORY
...LE OF THE
...UABLE REAL ESTATE
IN THE
...OF ST. HELENS!
AT MY AUCTION SALESROOM
...DAY, MARCH 27, 1867,
...at 10 o'clock A. M.,
...MBERED FORTY-TWO
...the N. E. corner of St. Helens street,
...y six hundred and thirty
...e of Front street, thence
...along the line of Cowlitz street
...hundred and thirty-eight feet along
...ed; thence westerly two hundred
...St. Helens street to the place of be-
ALSO,
...138, 116, 102, 100,
...87, 99, 120, 92,
...85, 113, 54, 39,
...142, 136, and 94.
...SITUATED...
ALSO
...ots 2, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 22, B...
...ots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 20, 21, Block...
...Lots 17, 18, 19, 20 Block 2, Ma...
...Lots 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18 in Block 27
...Lots 17, 18, 24, 27, 28, 30, 31, Block...
...2, 3, 7, 10 & 11, &c.
PERFECT. TERMS CASH.
H. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...EKA PARK ASYLUM.
...CHOICE AND ELEGANTLY
...Location of this institution, all of
...and picturesque p...sports of Ala...
...Francisco, California, will be OPEN
...for the reception of patients on
...and all other DISEASES of a LOW and NER...
...The location is easy of access, fro...
...and San Francisco, abounding in beautiful drives, with
...within a few minutes walk only.
...and Gymnasium, Billiard and Ba...
...and Soda Water Bathe, and all other ...
...ent for the pure and entertainment of
...harge of an experienced
...ill be happy to refer this institution to
...dence and patronage of the medical pro...
...A. ...ally of the Pacific coast. Com...
...San Francisco, via Oakland and Alameda
...runs daily, each way
...Boarding, everything, Medi...
...Per Day. Upwards.
...and months according and other ...
...of Sportsmen, with special servants, if
PHYSICIANS:
...M. D., H. TRENOR, M. D.
Board of Visitors:
...R. B Swain,
J. W. Winans.
REFERENCES
...Gov H G Blasdel,
B M Hartshorne,
L. D Benchley,
A Seligman
...Physicians address either the Physicians or
...128 MONTGOMERY STREET,
...osite the Occidental Hotel,
San Francisco. mh26tf1m

...CCO. CIGARS.
...CH & CO.,
...ent St., cor. San Francisco
...SOLE IMPORTERS
...OWING BRANDS OF ¼-POUND
...ny in the Market:
...ACH OFFERING;
...UIT BASKET;
...ARY OFFERING;
...OLDEN CHARM;
...PERIAL;
...MELIA
...IT PRESSED NATURAL LEAF,
...ion. Also, by every Steamer, ...
...HE HAVANA CIGARS,
...In Bond or Duty Paid
W. ...EL & CO.,
226 Front Street San Francisco.

...D, LORD & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WHISKIES,
...ETC ETC
FRONT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO
...ENTS FOR THE PACIFIC
...the celebrated WINES etc of
...HANDON &
...ERO FIRMES, Bordeaux;
...& CO., Mayence ...ine;
...GHAUS, Nuits.
...received a large shipment of Wines from
...parties—co...sisting of
...ndon's Vin Imperial, Verre...
...nglais, Fleur de Sillery,
...Co's Nierstemer, Hochheime...
...Moselle, Sparkling Scharz...
...erg Freres' St. Julien, La...
...Margaux, Chat Yquem, Chat...
...bau, Santernes
...haus' Burgundies, Chablis
...bertin.
...of our friends is called to these ...ry su...
...ich we offer at the lowest rates.
superior OLIVE OIL in Bottles
...NUDD LAND & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast
...OUT OF FAT AND FRESH
...TER BAY OYSTERS!
THE GEM.
...ov1tf
...FIRE-PROOF BRICK CORNER ...
...ne streets
H. H. LAW.

Daily Oregonian.

...DAY MORNING, MARCH 18 1867

CITY.

Money Market.

...Legal Tender rates ...7469 ...
...Gold C...ge Drafts ... ...

...NEW ENGLAND.—There is near St Helens a la...
...ge out of the banks of a stream on the farm ...
...which is composed almost exclusively of ...
...minute organisms included in the species ...
...The clay is of a whitish color resembling ...
...contains a considerable proportion of ...
...We have witnessed some of the ...
...solution of this clay in water placed in the ...
...powerful microscope. Dr Chapman took a ...
...reduced it to a powder—put it on ...
...and observed it in a gill of pure water ...
...to stand till all the percep...tible sediment ...
...took on board at Oswego about fif...
...products of the Tualatin region, which ...
...by the steamer from Hillsboro, via Colfax ...
...and lake steamer of the Oswego Milling ...
...We have frequently alluded to the prospects ...
...This all that he claims for it, and his ...
...to notice A project is being fos...
...the Tualatin river into Bucker Lake. ...
...miles long with an average width of ...
...depth of thirty five feet The lower end ...
...to exceed five hundred yards from the ...
...fall is ninety feet By the introduc...
...it will be seen that a splendid addi...
...to the water power at Oswego The ...
...twenty feet above the lake, a canal built ...
...enabling the two, would be serviceable ...
...Bar for navigation The distance this ...
...to traverse is 5,500 yards, and the deep...
...is for about 300 yards from the ...
...ally filling off for three-fourths of a ...
...the line it is estimated, will cost about ...
...and that they are going to celebrate ...
...1867, at Oswego, by running off the ...
...from from the first blast furnace west of ...
...The boats work on Monday evening ...
...the tramway on the stack. The cold ...
...night, however, hindered operations some

...ASSAULT.—About half past eight o'clock ...
...man named Patrick Geary, a drayman, re...
...wound across the nose and face, at the ...
...whose name we could not learn As we ...
...Geary went into a saloon on Front street, ...
...Co.'s wharf and struck the man who after ...
...The other went out soon after, and re...
...yed a few minutes and then went out a ...
...followed by Geary The two were followed ...
...man who, upon reaching the sidewalk, found ...
...Geary on the ground fighting. He managed to ...
...when Geary was found, to be cut. The ...
...had one, extending from the right side of the ...
...to the other and nearly to the roof of the ...
...down the left side of the face, to the jaw ...
...bone ranged downward, striking the left ...
...Gilbert dressed the wound. No arrests ...
...as we know.

...—On Saturday afternoon there were two ...
...fires originating from a fire in the roof ...
...110 and 112 Front street, occupied by D ...
...and the second from the burning out of a ...
...166, First st. No great damage was ...
...though the first mentioned building ...
...The fire took from sparks falling ...
...from the roof. It may be well enough for ...
...to see the most accumulated upon their ...
...of grave fruit. The cold, ...
...of this month has fitted the moss to take ...
...fire.

...steamer Continental arrived at ...
...Willamette about 3 o'clock yesterday ...
...the bar after some detention At ...
...her she ran aground, but fortunately the ...
...along just then and took off her pas...
...her enough to enable her to come up to ...
...She reached under slow steam at 4 P M ...
...the wharf, she was a little over twelve ...
...down at her bow and thirteen feet and ...
...the stern. But for being relieved of her ...
...she would scarcely have passed the bar She ...
...for some distance after being lighted ...
...she deepened, every steamer arriving ...
...this stage of water, will be compelled to ...
...at both the bars—Swan Island and the ...
...Rock.

...—Two gentlemen of this city ...
...to be up at a late hour, a few nights ...
...the ingenious manner in which rats car...
...breaking their Eggs had been fre...
...and the rats had been credited with the ...
...that an egg had been broken was ...
...the premises; and the parties had often ...
...that caused the rats conveyed their booty to ...
...It was done thus One of the rats clasped ...
...between his fore legs and chin and then ...
...on his back, when another rat seized hold ...
...dragged rat, egg and all away to his hole ...
...repeated till eggs enough for a hearty ...

...—This spectacular piece has been for a ...
...ation at the Willamette Theatre, in...
...this expense and trouble The prop...
...nearly completed, and the piece will be ...
...Wednesday evening Some of the scenes are ...
...and effective than anything, probably, ever ...
...Portland audience The troupe have had ...
...vitable obstacles to overcome in getting ...
...but it will probably secure them a profitable ...
...The strength of the company together with ...
...advantages, will appear Aside from the ...
...good bill in the usual minstrel line will be pre...

...—On Friday night at Oregon City William ...
...tried suicide by taking four grains of strych ...
...His wife being absent on a visit to her friends ...
...where Elliott formerly lived She arrived ...
...Monday, but he find him dead No reason for ...
...is known, so far as we can learn It is stated ...
...been out of employment for some time and ...
...in circumstances This may account for ...
...act, but it is doubtful whether it is the ...
...He leaves no family but an aged and ...

...UP THE COLUMBIA.—The Mountaineer says ...
...last week, the steamers from Portland ...
...to that place 1 000 head of cattle and ...
...ing of freighting from the Dalles the ...
...freighters are bringing quite active ...
...as the strikes make them wear the ap...
...days gone by During the week over fifty ...
...of freight has been shipped to the Ju...
...Shaniko Block, Miller & Co French & Cl...
...Cummings & Grant, we understand are the ...

...TUG.—On Friday morning a private dis...
...received in this city one hour earlier in the ...
...two hours on the time occupied by transmis...
...not less than three reported this after hour ...
...Twenty years ago, the same message ...
...would have reached Portland about the 1st of ...

...STEAMER.—The steamer Idaho arrived at ...
...Wednesday about 3 o'clock yesterday ...
...the bar after detention At ...
...ran aground, but fortunately the ...
...Idaho was ...
...Idaho ...
...Idaho ...
...Idaho

A Lyric.

BY ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE

If love were what the rose is
And I were like the leaf
Our lives would grow together
In sad or singing weather
Blown fields or flowerful closes
Green pleasance or gray grief
If love were what the rose is
And I were like the leaf

If I were what the words are
And love were like the tune
With double sound and single
Delight our lips would mingle
With kisses glad as birds are
That get sweet rain at noon
If I were what the words are
And love were like the tune

If you were life my darling
And I, your love were death
We'd slide and snow together,
Ere March made sweet the weather
With daffodil and starling,
And hours of fruitful breath
If you were life, my darling,
And I, your love were death

If you were thrall to sorrow
And I were page to joy
We'd play for lives and seasons
With loving looks and treasons
And tears of night and morrow
And laughs of maid and boy
If you were thrall to sorrow,
And I were page to joy

If you were April's lady
And I were lord in May,
We'd throw with leaves for hours,
And days for day with flowers,
Till day like night were shady
And night were bright like day
If you were April's lady,
And I were lord in may

If you were queen of pleasure,
And I were king of pain,
We'd hunt down love together
Pluck out the flying feather
And teach his feet a measure,
And find his mouth a rein,
If you were queen of pleasure,
And I were king of pain

RAGE BETWEEN A LOCOMOTIVE AND A PRAIRIE FIRE.—George W Bungay, who recently witnessed a prairie fire, writing to the Detroit *Advertiser and Tribune*, says of it.

About 7 o'clock at night I took passage on the Dixon Air Line Railroad. The train had proceeded but a few miles from the city of Chicago when we overtook a fire on the prairie. It was a bitter night; the wind was blowing hard and the snow was falling, but the tall, stiff, dry grass of the prairie stood high above the thin sheet of snow on the ground and the flames spread with rapidity. There was a broad margin between our track and the river of fire that swept before the wind. The line of flame was about half a mile in length, and now and then it made such rapid progress it seemed to keep pace with the train. It was a picturesque and grand race between the fire steeds of the prairie and the iron horse. The former had no delays to make at stations, side tracks and crossings; the latter had the advantage of human brains to do its thinking and pilot it. On, on they sped through the thick and murky night. One crackling and whispering in the wind, soaring and driving away everything in its path, the other neighing and pressing forward with a tread which shook the ground and made the lights in the nearest windows quiver like eyes of leaves. One flared its banner of flame in the sky and tossed its torches on the crisp air, warning of approaching danger and light to which to escape in a safe retreat, the other with its mane of smoke and breath of sparks, and the eye in its forehead, dashed along in its "meteoric show-off" of sparks. It was "poetry in motion"—racing with the rythm of progress, whose sound it made married to the couplet of iron, in the iron epic of an advancing age. Our locomotive gained the race at last, and we left the fiery car-eer in the distance, fighting with the wind and night, and leaping over the creeks and ponds in its course making bonfires of the lone hay stacks that stood, like Lot's wife, within reach of its inexpressible sports of flame. Before it was borne on its fiery flag that lit up the heaven, behind it was charred, and blackened wake of cinders Whether it swept away any human habitations in its path, I cannot say—but it was a most attractive sight, and so full of suggestions, I have attempted to give a brief account of it.

A COOL FARMER.—We have seen and heard of cool proceedings ere this, but the conduct of the Vermont agriculturist was positively "iced." He sold a load of hay to a neighbor, who, contrary to his own expectations, after seeing it weighed, staid to see it unloaded. But a few forks were off, when a bouncing rock rolled from the load; then another, and then a third came bang upon the floor.

"What's this?" queried the buyer in a loud voice.

"Most all herd-grass this year," replied the deaf man.

"But, see here," continued the other, pointing to the bowlders which lay arrayed in judgment against the dishonest hayman, "what does all this mean?"

"Shan't cut nigh as much hay this year as I did last," replied the dealer in herd grass.

Just as he finished the last sentence down came a round chunk of granite, making a deep indentation in the barn floor with one of its sharp angles.

"I say, neighbor M.," screamed the purchaser of granite, "I want to know what in the d—l these are?" pointing to the bowlders and the big lump of granite.

Old N. took up a mighty forkful of the herd and as it gave it a toss into the hay-loft, then, leaning upon his fork, ejecting his huge quid of tobacco, and replacing it with a fresh one, he took a view of the fragments of stone well that lay before him, and with one of the blandest smiles, he replied:

"Them is rocks"

MR. LINCOLN'S VIEWS OF CONGRESS.—In 1848, while Abraham Lincoln was a member of the House of Representatives, says Dr. Holland in his life of Lincoln, he advocated the choice of Gen'l Taylor for the Presidency, who had said, in a letter to Mr. Allison: "The will of the people, as expressed through their representatives in Congress, ought to be respected and carried out by the Executive." Mr. Lincoln in remarking upon this, said: "The people say to General Taylor, 'If you are elected, shall we have a National Bank?' He answers, 'Your will, gentlemen, not mine' 'What about the tariff?' 'Say yourselves' 'Shall rivers and harbors be improved?' 'Just as you please. If you desire a bank, an alteration of the tariff, internal improvements, say and all, I will not hinder you; if you do not desire them, I will not attempt to force them on you. Send up your members of Congress from the various districts, with opinions according to their own, and if they are not for the measure, or any of them I shall have nothing to oppose, if they are not for them, I shall not by any appliances whatever attempt to dragoon them into their adoption.' From this point Mr. Lincoln went on to show in what respect a President is a representative of the people. He said. "In a certain sense, and to a certain extent, he is a representative of the people. He is elected by them as Congress is. But near he, in the nature of things, know the wants of the people as well as three hundred other men coming from the various localities of the nation? If so, where is the propriety of having a Congress?"

"SOWN" POSTAGE STAMPS.—It will scarcely be credited, at first thought, that twenty tons of postage stamps have been used during the year Such, however, is the fact, and by artificial management they would cover an area of forty eight and a half square miles, or, as a curious speculator says, enough to roof a large township, with all its houses, barns, churches, gardens forests and farms; or, if you choose to make a ribbon of them, enough to reach the length of the Mississippi river. So if everybody would be obliging enough to use the Government stamp on the envelope itself, the mere omission of those little four cent bits of paper would lighten the mail bags by more than forty thousand pounds, and save in paper $15,000 or $20,000

THE POWER OF THE PEN.—De Tocqueville has a just conception of the influence exercised over the minds of readers by a well conducted news paper. In his work on America he says

"A newspaper can drop the same thoughts into a thousand minds at the same moment. A newspaper is an adviser who does not require to be sought, but who comes to your every day of common weal, without distracting your private affairs Newspapers, therefore, become necessary in proportion as men become more equal and more deals more to be feared To suppose that they only serve to protect freedom would be to diminish their importance, they maintain civilization

When Jeff. Davis was in Congress he was on a committee for the decoration of the Capitol On one of the paintings purchased for the purpose the South was represented by an Arcadian scene with a negro in the midst, sleeping on a bale of cotton. Davis made a single comment on the picture: "What becomes of the South when the negro wakes up?" Perhaps he can answer it now

A lawyer is something of a carpenter He can file a bill, split a hair, make an entry, get up a case, frame an indictment, impanel a jury, put them in a box, nail a witness, hammer a judge, tack a court, and other like thing.

The Animals of Brazil—Lecture by Professor Agassiz

He did not propose, he said, to enumerate the race of animals that inhabit that part of the continent of South America The whole animal kingdom presented various relations to each other. In its general structure it presents 1 evidences of system All animals were constructed upon four general plans I von mun is rooted in the animal kingdom which has its structure kept down in that strata of the earth where coal beds are found The great question which agitates the scientific world now is whether the different species of the animal kingdom are connected by descent or whether their connection is an intellectual one The animals that inhabit the earth now are linked with those that existed in former ages It is his aim to attempt to determine the relations of each of the present animals without looking into the past as to examine the different nationalities of the human family without studying the history of those nationalities so we must study the geographical distribution of animals to see whence they come whether they are natives of the soil or emigrants from another region The great question is whether the world grew out of itself, or whether it was the work of an intelligent creator The feuds between naturalists on this question were as great and as bitly contested as the differences between theologians or politicians The animals of South America were widely different from those of other parts of the globe South America was a world in itself now, and had been in the past He could do little more in the present lecture than compare some of the more prominent types The animal kingdom, as before stated was built on four different plans, presenting such fundamental differences that one could be easily recognized and distinguished from the other. These four plans were represented by the radiates, the molusca, the articulates and the vertebrates To the radiates belong the polypus, the starfish &c, to the molusca belong the bivalves, as the oyster and the like, to the articulates belong the worms, crabs, lobsters, &c, and to the vertebrates belong fishes, reptiles, birds and mammalia, at the head of which is man The lecturer here showed by drawings on the black board the similarity in structure between the fish, reptile, bird, quadruped and man Those four different types of the animal kingdom, as represented by their distinct plans of structure, have existed in all ages We find them side by side in the oldest beds of the earth in which animal remains have been discovered And yet in the face of this fact there are theorists who would make us believe that the higher order of animals are of later date It is a falsification of science In spite of the obloquy that might be heaped upon him, he did not hesitate to assert that all the animals of the different geological epochs came upon the earth at the same time, and that they could not have descended from each other according to the "development" theory as plausibly advanced by certain naturalists All the four types of animals now existing may be found side by side in the lowest geological strata, and were represented from the beginning The geological epochs which were at first confined to three, have now, with the progress of science and more accurate information, been extended to sixty or more, and in the first of these epochs are found the representatives of the four types into which the animal kingdom is at present divided Prof Agassis here pointed out the different epochs at which different representatives of these fundamental types made their first appearance upon the earth Man did not make his appearance until the present epoch, or in other words, until the order of things now existing on the earth commenced Every district of the earth's surface has its peculiar inhabitants, the same as the different parts of the ocean each have their different kinds of water animals The fishes of the Amazon, the San Francisco, and the Platte belonged to families that have no representatives with us. So with the reptiles and birds of Brazil, we find different families from those existing in any other country With us there is only one kind of humming bird, while South America has more than 100 different species If we look at the quadrupeds we find a still greater difference The moose, the deer and animals of that family represented here have only a small representation in the shape of a kind of deer without antlers in South America So in contrasting the animals of South America with those of Africa, we find to tally different families existing on the continents In South America we find an animal closely resembling the camels of the East, except that they thrived best in the regions of eternal snow Now if the animals of the earth came from each other, it was strange that the offspring of the desert travelling and heat-enduring camel of the East should wander to the heights of the Andes in order to develop himself The Professor then alluded to the monkeys of South America as compared with those of the Asiatic Islands The monkey, he said, was the nearest approach to man—so near, in fact, as to shock the mind of those who entertain the "development" theory The monkeys of South America were far inferior to those of the East Eastern monkeys were found so nearly approaching the human species, that some naturalists had discovered an advantage on the part of the monkey (Laughter) Numerous as are the different types of mankind, each type was circumscribed within narrow limits, and were probably natives of the countries where they were found Thus we find, in some of the South Sea Islands, an almost distinct type of man that was confined to the narrow limits of a comparatively small island. In other countries, as in Australia, we find a race of men but no monkeys of any kind, so that, according to the "development" theory, in these countries, the man must have sprung from animals still inferior to the monkey. Another strong argument against the development theory was that no where in the different strata of the earth has there ever been found any evidence of the transition of one type of animal to another The rational mind must, therefore, look to other sources for the origin of different kinds of animals and man For his part he could not see that this origin could have been other than an intelligent cause, and in view of the intelligence displayed in the whole plan of creation, he could only behold in the animal kingdom the manifestations of a thinking being which had brought all these things into existence As in a picture gallery we see a resemblance in the different schools of the great masters of painting in all ages, but do not, therefore, infer that one painting is an offspring of another, but attribute the resemblance to a community of mind that produced them all so in the resemblance of the animal kingdom we behold the evidences of a common mind working in accordance with great and wise plans.

WONDERFUL WINDFALLS.—In England in the country of remarkable windfalls—of fortunes falling from the skies, in the most unexpected and fairy tale fashion An ex policeman of London the other day, came into a property of $750 000 He had been living on the police pension of fourteen shillings a week, which is gone after twenty years' faithful service The lawyer who got it for him made it a condition that he should give $125, 000 to his poor relations, and another $12 000 to certain hospitals for the benefit of the poor A miserly old Scotchman one Ferguson, has just died immensely rich—died very suddenly, as he was signing a check for $50,000 He was struck with paralysis when the name was half written He left his property to charities and to hundreds of poor people, whom all his life he had utterly neglected Day laborers masons carpenters, and in one case a fish hawker suddenly became possessed of thousands by a lottery in which they had not even bought a ticket He had not been with in the walls of a church for forty years, so he left a sum for the spread of the Gospel The case of Mr D D Home, the once famous medium, is most curious of all He was perfectly penniless and in great trouble he clung to the valuable presents he had received—keepsakes he would scarcely have parted with to keep him from starving, and his worrying expectations of property from the estate of his Russian wife were only at the end of a tedious litigation At this juncture, a rich old lady and an entire stranger, adopted him for her son and heir She gave him $20 000 in cash just for his immediate needs, and a few days ago handed him his Christmas box of $10 000 "Why" said he telling of this little token of maternal affection it is like a fairy tale, isn't it" And the best of it is that the adopted son and adopted mother are entirely delighted with each other It should be remembered that all the above sums must be calculated on a gold basis

The sons of men of genius are said to be dull as a rule and the daughters to inherit the ability of their sires Curiously enough two great novelists seem destined to transmit their literary successes to the female line Miss Thackeray's writings prove that she is endowed with her father's genius as well as with a womanly power peculiarly her own Miss Dickens is said to be the author of the story 'Aunt Margaret's Troubles' which has recently appeared and if such is the case the young authoress may be congratulated on having made an extremely successful *debut*, and one worthy in every way of her father's reputation

A good story is told of a Glasgow merchant who, on his death bed sent for a Free Church clergyman Having some fears regarding his future prospects, he asked the reverend gentleman

"Do you think were I to leave £10,000 to the free kirk that my soul would be saved?"

"Well," answered the cautious minister, "I couldn't just promise you that, but I think it's an experiment well worth trying"

A Congressman has been arrested for trying to pass a bad bill.

Miscellaneous Items

Mrs Cobb, of Hartford, Connecticut is about to erect a church in that city to cost $50,000

Both of the Salisbury (N C) papers have come out in favor of qualified negro suffrage

Over 100,000 sheep purchased at San Antonio, Texas during a snow storm, New Year's Day

Thaddeus Stevens has been elected President of the Shaffler Rose Company of Lancaster Pa

The death of 17 inmates all of whom had been accidentally suffocated in bed, were registered in London in one week

A half card in the shape of a fan which upon the writing down of dance engagements is a new thing in London

The Richmond *Whig*, a war and Southern sheet, calls Mr George Bancroft "the highest living literary authority at the North"

Minister Campbell pronounces as unqualifiedly false the reports recently circulated of a disagreement between General Sherman and himself on their joint mission

Miss Truesell, the interesting young strumpet who shot her keeper in Chicago, and was afterwards pardoned by the tender hearted Oglesby is going to take the veil

The Prussians are so unpopular at Frankfort that when the burghers give a party they send out cards with "8 P" in the corner Thus it means *nine Prussians* no Prussians will be present

The Baltimore *Gazette* denies, apparently by authority, all the statements about General Lee's often announced "History of the Army of Northern Virginia" and says that General Lee is not writing any work of this character

La Patrie has a new theory of the cause of the potato rot It says "The microscope reveals two hundred fortunes animals, in a coleopteral form, in the space as large as a pin's head Those animals bite and tear each other with great fury

A Mr Nicolson proposes to give to the city of Cleveland, for the purpose of a public park from two hundred to two hundred and fifty acres of ground lying on both sides of the Rocky river providing the city will expend in improvements on the same $50,000 per year for the next ten years

During a snow embargo, recently, on the New Jersey Railroad the hotels were filled at New Brunswick, and the saloon keepers, taking advantage of the wants of starving passengers on the blockaded trains, asked ten dollars and a half for a plate of mutton chops and a cup of tea without sugar

The burning of the Kenton Woolen Mills, at Covington Kentucky, was the most disastrous conflagration that has ever visited that city. The loss is estimated at $225,000 The amount of insurance was $120 000 Five engines were conveyed across the suspension bridge to aid in putting out the fire

A white man in Kentucky murdered his colored mistress, but he explained that he was afraid she would tell his wife that he had a child by her, and Kentucky justice was satisfied The magistrate who heard his case was sympathetic, and accordingly the murderer, one of the cowardliest it appears, was released forthwith

A person who was recently called into court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether "The doctor did not make several visits after the patient was out of danger?" "No," replied the witness, "I considered the patient in danger as long as the doctor continued his visits"

Alabama has just taken a State Census and reports a total population of 945,244 whereof 442 415 are blacks In 1860, she had 964,206, of whom 435,152 were slaves. It is evident that her black inhabitants are just about as numerous as in 1860, while her whites are but 20,000 fewer We infer from this that the Southern States have generally nearly if not quite as many inhabitants now as in 1860, and will have more in 1870 The stories that the blacks are "dying out" seem to be utterly baseless. A good many of them have migrated Northward or back to Texas, but they will number at least 4,000,000 in 1870

In the year 18— a meeting was held in Lebanon, Indiana, for the purpose of getting up a supper and fair for the sick and wounded soldiers Judge B——, being loyal all over, was very active in such matters, and was appointed chairman of the meeting There was quite a number of ladies present. The business progressed rapidly, and as most of the articles for the supper were to be donated the Judge called on, in his ludicrous manner, on those present, to know how much they could contribute. Almost enough was given to complete the arrangements, when some one suggested that it would be necessary to have some milk "Oh, yes," said the Judge, rising with great dignity; "*all you ladies that give with will please arise.*" It is sufficient to say that there was no rising done

Portland H. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month By order of M E H P.

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W M.

Crystal Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7 o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the au17 J T

Take **AYER'S PILLS** for all the purposes of a purgative, for Constipation, Indigestion, Headache and Liver Complaint By universal accord, they are the best of all purgatives for family use

Portland Lodge No. 30, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend By order of the jy1 W O T

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend By order of Jan 7 1867 d tf N G

Ellison Encampment No. 1., I. O. of O. F., Meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 7½ o'clock P M Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend. By order of C P no22 dtf

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at 6 o'clock P M Brethren in good standing are invited to attend ap1tf By order of W M

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening at 7½ o'clock, in Stark's building third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel Members of the order are invited to attend Aut By order of N G

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars Hall, corner Alder and Front streets, the First and Third Mondays in the month Degree members in good standing are invited to attend n19 2tif

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend By order of W C T Portland Nov 7, 1866 dtf

For Sale or Rent.

MR. HENDEE, Photographer Corner of First and Morrison streets, opposite the Western Hotel being desirous of changing his present business on account of close confinement will for cash down, sell his entire stock, apparatus and fixtures in the Photographic business on reasonable terms He has just got newly and conveniently fitted up in as good a location as there is in Portland and as fine a light as can be made All persons wishing to secure first class pictures will call taking Photographs from at least D H HENDEE Portland Jan 25 1867 d6ptf

To Soldiers Claiming Bounties

UNDER THE

EQUALIZATION BOUNTY BILL!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECENTLY returned from Washington City where he has made the proper arrangements for the collections of the Extra Bounty of $100 allowed to all soldiers enlisted after the 19th day of April 1861 for a period of not less than three years and $50 for soldiers enlisted for a period of less than two years

Persons entitled to the benefits of said Bounty will find it to their interest to attend to its collection at once Having an Agent at Washington and personal knowledge of the modus Vivendus calculations through the Departments I can get claims promptly

☞ Call with your Discharge, and two witnesses for identification at the Publishers Office of the *Daily Oregonian* No 5 Washington st Portland

A BUSHWILLER Claim Agent

N. B.

Persons residing at a great distance can have their claims attended to by sending me their "Discharge," Postoffice address and place of enlistment.

A BUSHWILLER

Information Wanted

IF THE FOLLOWING NAMED VOLUNTEERS will call on the undersigned in person or address by letter, they will learn something to their interest

First Regiment Oregon Cavalry Co G—James O Love, Francis M Meredith, Charles McCue, Co C—Jackson Million Oregon Infantry, Co G—Jesse B Warfield, John O'Neil Co K—Thomas Williams and James Ryan, of the 2d Cal Cavalry. A. BUSHWILLER,

Claim Agent, No 5 Washington St., Portland, Oregon

fe20dtf

Miscellaneous.

In the Field Again!

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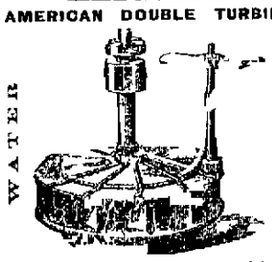
AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE



THESE WHEELS, unequaled and unrivaled in the United States or the world have been fully tested on this coast, more than forty being in use at this date, driving all kinds of machinery, Saw Mills, Flour Mills, Quartz Mills, Woolen Factories, &c, &c

On account of the extraordinary demand, our stock of wheels is considerably reduced, and we are entirely out of several sizes therefore parties contemplating using our wheel, to be certain of securing the same in time should give their order at least three months before they expect to get them, that we may be able to make them by the time needed

We cheerfully refer to all using our wheels, and are assured that *all will affirm that our wheels accomplish all and even more than we claim for them* Address

LEFFEL & MYERS,

Oregon Iron Works Co., Portland, Oregon.

mh8dtf&wly

FASHION LIVERY STABLE!

AUGUSTUS TAYLOR,

PROPRIETOR.

The undersigned has recently purchased the well-known stand of the late Sherry Ross, situated on the

Corner of First and Salmon streets,

Where the very best of HORSES and BUGGIES can be had at all times at reasonable rates

HORSES BOARDED

On reasonable terms, and the best care and attention bestowed upon them while under his charge Also

Horses Bought and Sold.

Being satisfied that he can give satisfaction, the proprietor solicits the patronage of the public.

AUGUSTUS TAYLOR,

Late of Jacksonville, Oregon

Portland March 13, 1867 mh14dtf

Albert M. Snyder,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT,

90 Front Street, East Side.

PORTLAND, OREGON

Patents for Inventions.

Business with the United States Patent Office, such as filing Caveats and procuring Letters Patent, will be prosecuted with strict care and attention All business of this character will be strictly confidential

General Land Office—Patents for Lands.

Will attend to procuring Patents for United States Lands, located by Land Warrants or purchased with cash. All business connected with the General Land Office such as collecting money for lands erroneously entered with cash or return of the Land Warrants erroneously located the settlement of cases under the Pre-emption Laws and examining titles, will receive prompt attention

Bounty Land Warrants.

Will procure Bounty Land Warrants (160 acres) for each of the surviving Officers (Captains, Subalterns Seamen Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen in the Navy—Wagoners Masters and Teamsters who served in any of the wars in which the United States has been engaged since 1790 to 1861) In case of the death of any of the above the widow or minor children are entitled

Bounty and Arrears of Pay.

Will procure arrears of Pay due Officers and Bounty and arrears of Pay due Soldiers Seamen and Marines. If any of the above died, the amount due is payable to the Widow Children Father and Mother, and Brother and Sister in their turn

Pensions.

Will procure Pensions for Officers of the Army and Navy Soldiers, Seamen and Marines, who have been disabled by wounds received, or who contracted a disease while in the line of duty, and if any of the above were killed in battle or have died from said causes the following are entitled to them in their order viz Widow Children (under 16 years of age) Father and Mother and Sisters if dependent upon their deceased son or for their support either in whole or in part

The Pension Laws apply to *all wars* in which the United States have been engaged

All communications asking advice or information should contain *postage*, or whenever of a character requiring it all could be accompanied with a reasonable fee

January 21, 1867 tf A M B

Keep your Money in the Country

AND ENCOURAGE

HOME MANUFACTURES!

WE ARE MANUFACTURING A SUPERIOR Article of

TURPENTINE!

Which we offer to the trade at less prices than has ever been sold in Oregon thereby offering inducements to purchasers to use it in preference to the eastern or foreign article, which is no better if quite as good

First we consider that the country is in need of Manufactures and that we are determined to make as good an article as is made elsewhere and sell for a less price

Orders sent from the country to the Factory, corner of Front and Clay streets, will meet with prompt attention

NORTHROP & GOVE,

Portland, March 5, 1867. d6pif Proprietors.

Medical Cards.

DR. HENLEY'S Fountain of Life!

THE

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER!

IN EVERY PROGRESSIVE SCIENCE PERIODS ARE known when new discoveries are announced that change the whole current of thought and this dawning light which is ushering in a new era in the healing art at the present time and this Great Remedy is well calculated to do this Nature is full of herbs and in the vegetable kingdom will be found the remedy which will cure every disease that flesh is heir to Let the afflicted read the following and then call at the Drug Store of Dr Henley and get a book containing a full description of the disease and

SCROFULA AND KING'S EVIL!

by eradicating the disease entirely from the blood The FOUNTAIN OF LIFE has indeed entirely vegetable extracts in it and contains no Mercury or other mineral substance

The Proprietors and Discoverers of this Great Remedy CHALLENGE THE WORLD to furnish anything, from the days of Esculapius down to the present time in the annals of Medical Science which can vie with it or of the intrinsic properties of this Great Blood Purifier Its value has been tested with the most perfect success in the most intricate cases of Scrofula, that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians in the world No matter what form the dreadful disease of SCROFULA and KING'S EVIL may have assumed it can in no way be successfully and certainly arrested in its progress than by HENLEY'S GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER The demands have been so great and the cures so wonderful, difference in quality must of the spurious concoctions which are now flooding the country, the following are a few of the many certificates which are daily coming in to the Proprietors of HENLEY'S FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, which now be only plug the fleeting of life and health Irregulars an article of real merit and intrinsic value to sustain itself During the short trial of public experiment the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE has stood the test trial and not been found wanting

Dr HENLEY guarantees to CURE any case of SCROFULA or KING'S EVIL in the world and eradicate the disease so much from the system, or no charge and should they will secure him his pay when they are cured

FOR REFERENCE:

I would refer you to L L Peck, of Portland Oregon and numbers of others, as to what a miraculous effect Dr Henley's Great Blood Purifier has in a short time, in cases that had baffled the skill of physicians for years

DR WM HENLEY

Portland Oregon

eb8d&tf

DR. G W. BROWN

HAS located in Portland in CARTER'S NEW BUILDING for the permanent cure of all private diseases such as are usually treated by Physicians Also he also calls the attention of those suffering with

DISEASES OF THE EYES

to call at his office and board once tested Surgical operations SKILFULLY performed on the EYES for blindness, cataract, strabismus or cross eyes

Below are some of the many testimonials

This is to certify that I, John R Dolman was blind for over nine years, and I tried all means of a cure, and paid many doctors and all of no effect and I spent all the means I had Finally, I had to become a county charge, and when I was taken to Dr G W Brown and visited my case to him and misfortune, he at once commenced to treat my eyes and now I am well, and can recommend all those that are suffering with diseases of the eyes to call on Dr G W Brown The reason why I do this is to let suffering humanity know where they can be cured JOHN R DOLMAN

STATE OF OREGON, Marion County ss—Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22d day of November, 1866

SETH R HAMMER Notary Public

SATURDAY Feb 10, 1866

This is to certify that my daughter was almost blind for over seven years and was restored by other physicians without obtaining any relief, when finally I took her to Dr G W Brown, who examined her case and at once began to give her treatment and her sight has been entirely restored I do this to let those who are suffering with diseases of the eyes know where they can obtain a cure. It has been thirty years since her eyes were cured, and they are yet sound

THOMAS LIVINGSTON,

Deer Creek Precinct, Douglas county Oregon

SALEM, July 21, 1860

This is to certify that I was blind for over four months and almost blind for one year and a half I tried several eye doctors but received no benefit, I had almost given my case up as hopeless when fortunately I heard of Dr G W Brown now of Salem I was induced to try him; he performed a surgical operation on my eyes, and gave me to understand, I soon began to recover, and in a short time I was perfectly cured I do this in justice to those who need me from a fate worse than death and also for the benefit of those who are laboring under similar afflictions that they may know where they can get relief It is now about eight months since my eyes were cured and they still remain good I can see to read the finest print with no difficulty, and my eyes can bear the strongest light with no pain

ALEXANDER MITCHELL

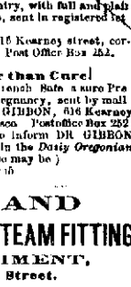
Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 21st day of July, A D 1866 SETH R HAMMER,

de9dtf Notary Public

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES

Dr Gibbon's Dispensary,



616 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgences, or from virus absorbed into the system! Look at their pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces and their broken-down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life In this horrid situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene Let parents, guardians, friends attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible life-destroying maladies—see that they are cared for and cured before it be too late Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years, and who is certain to cure the most inveterate cases without mercury or any injurious drugs It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be careful of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, imposing upon the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places Be therefore careful and make strict inquiry, or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions the consequence of self abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, is practised by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures viz Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blotches on the intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society loss of memory, hectic flushes; pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, foted breath coughs, consumption, night sweats nonsensuals and frequent insanity If relief be not administered, should supply itself, either in person or by letter, and have a cure effected by his new and select mode of treating this disease, which never fails of effecting a quick and radical cure Dr G will give One Hundred Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily to him that he was cured of this complaint by either of the Quack Doctors

DOCTOR GIBBON is responsible, and will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure or make no charge

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, by addressing a letter to Doctor Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicine promptly forwarded free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions for use, for Ten Dollars, sent in registered letter or through Wells, Fargo & Co

Address DR J F GIBBON, 616 Kearney street, corner Commercial, San Francisco Post Office Box 252

Consultation FREE.

Prevention Better than Cure!

This newly invented Patent French Safe a sure Preventive against Disease and Pregnancy, sent by mail Price $2 Address DR J F GIBBON, 616 Kearney St, cor Commercial San Francisco Postoffice Box 252

☞ Correspondents will please inform DR GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the *Daily Oregonian* (or *Weekly Oregonian*, as the case may be)

jn18d&pif w2m

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 119 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—

Cooking Ranges, Hot Water Boilers,

Copper Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;

Square and angular Black Walnut Counter Sunk Marble Wash Stands;

Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;

SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS,

MARBLE BASIS BASINS

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;

HYDRAULIC RAMS,

NON FREEZING HYDRANTS,

WATER CLOSETS &c &c

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental would do well to give me a call

Portland April 10 1866 C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Guages

Also the largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ⅛ to 4 inch inside diameter BRASS COCKS TEE ELBOWS RETURN BENDS, SUPPLY BUSHINGS, &c

Constantly on hand STEAM WHISTLES STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES THROTTLE AND SHUT CHECK VALVES GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of

BRASS WORK,

FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.

☞ Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco C. H. MYERS,

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment, ap8tf No. 119, First Street, Portland

Mining Tools,

A LARGE STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND, For sale by H. W. CORBETT

Hotels and Restaurants.

Western Hotel,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Corner of Morrison and First streets.

The best and most commodious hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied

WARM AND COLD BATHS ATTACHED TO THE HOUSE

This Hotel is situated near the Steamship Landing The

HOTEL COACH

Will be in attendance at all the landings to convey

PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE

Free of charge

SAMUEL D BOYER Proprietor

fe7dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE)

Corner Washington and Front Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

L. P. W. QUIMBY,

HAVING taken the above House, wishes to announce to the public that he has repaired to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner Nothing will be left undone on the part of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable

Portland Feb 2, 1867 dtf

TAYLOR'S HOTEL,

108 FRONT STREET,

(UPPER PART OF THE BLOCK)

PORTLAND, OREGON,

JOHN S. WHITE, - - - Proprietor.

THIS House has recently been purchased by the present proprietor and has been thoroughly refitted and furnished in the best style and now offers first-class accommodations

Board by the week $5 to 5 00

Board by the day 1 to